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VOL. XXXVIII NO. 86 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

1949 COMPLETIONS OF THE METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO., LTD. (H.O. CALCUTTA) EXCEED 6 CRORES AND FIFTY-FIVE LACS. Central Office—Western Circle, 371, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY—1.

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GIVE THE PACT A FAIR TRIAL, PLEADS NEHRU

Special Address To MPs Of Bengal And Assam

MANY POINTS CLARIFIED

NEW DELHI, April 12 (UPI).

IN a sixty-minute address to the Bengal and Assam M.P.s today, Prime Minister Pandit Nehru expressed his optimism about the implementation of the agreement on minorities by the Pakistan authorities. He is understood to have observed that sheer force of circumstances should compel both parties to make sincere efforts to implement the pact.

The Prime Minister said that he was satisfied that the Pakistan Prime Minister was earnest about the implementation. He appealed to the M.P.s to give it a sincere and fair trial.

In the course of the discussion that followed the address, Pandit Nehru clarified many points raised by the members.

After about two hours' discussion, the members, while expressing some diffidence about implementation by Pakistan, are, however, reported to have assured the Prime Minister that as Congress members they would try their best to implement it themselves.

The matter is expected to be discussed further at a general body meeting of the Congress Parliamentary party on Friday next. The party meeting scheduled for tomorrow, has been cancelled and would now be held on Friday.

THEY MUSTN'T QUIT

The P. T. I. adds: There were 20 M.P.'s, who included the Bengalis from Bihar and Uttar Pradesh and one from Tripura. They are understood to have emphasized the immediate need for posting liaison officers at the Pakistan border stations to ensure safe and peaceful transit of regues from Pakistan to India.

On the resignation of the Ministers, Dr. Mookerjee and Mr. Neogy, (who were not present), they expressed the opinion that these two should not leave the Cabinet at this juncture. The Prime Minister is said to have shared this feeling.

The meeting, it is learnt, also discussed matters concerning Indo-Pakistan trade.

SECRETARIES TO MEET

CALCUTTA: A conference of the Chief Secretaries of West Bengal, East Bengal and Assam will be held at Calcutta on April 21 and 22 to devise ways and means for speedy implementation of the agreement on minorities.

The Chief Commissioner of Tripura State will also be present at the conference.

The agreement was discussed today threadbare by the West Bengal Cabinet.

It is learnt that the West Bengal Government has decided to ask for clarification of certain clauses of the agreement from the Union Government.

It is understood that among other points, elucidation is being sought of Clause V of the agreement which deals with the right of ownership in or occupancy of the immovable property of migrants. The question of setting up of minority commissions in East and West Bengal and Assam, also requires further clarification as to the number of members of each commission.

It is officially learnt that the Governments of India and Pakistan are expected to issue orders with regard to relaxation of customs searches tomorrow.

ACHESON'S APPROVAL

WASHINGTON: U. S. Secretary of State Dean Acheson issued the following statement at his weekly press conference: "The successful conclusion of the New Delhi talks between Prime Minister Nehru of India and Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan of Pakistan is highly gratifying. The announcement that the two Prime Ministers planned to meet again from time to time is an added source of encouragement.

"I am confident that this demonstration of statemanship by Mr. Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan will mark the beginning of better relations between their two countries.

"It is a real pleasure to congratulate the two Prime Ministers and their respective countries which are fortunate in having, in these difficult times, leaders of such stature."

FIRST STEP

DACCA: The members of the East Bengal Legislative Assembly will meet on April 21, to elect representatives to the Minorities Commission. This is East Bengal Government's first step towards implementation of the recent agreement.

DOLLAR RELEASE AGREEMENT

Extension By One Year

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 12.

THE Government of India, according to lobby reports is likely to accept the British Government's proposal to extend the dollar release agreement for another year.

The Indo-British Sterling agreement provided that India, irrespective of her export earnings would limit her dollar imports to seventy-five per cent of 1948 dollar imports. India was also entitled to draw from the dollar pool 140 to 150 million dollars in twelve months. This part of the agreement was due to expire on June 30, 1950.

The British Government feels that the full effect of devaluation has not yet been fully ascertained and has therefore proposed to extend the dollar release agreement by another year ending June 30, 1951 when the whole agreement comes up for revision. This is likely to be accepted by India. It may be added that India has fully implemented her obligations under the Commonwealth Finance Ministers agreement by cutting down her dollar imports and by stimulating her exports to dollar areas to the maximum.

Trade Conference

KARACHI, April 12 (UPI): The Indo-Pakistan trade conference in continuation of the taks initiated in New Delhi is expected to be held here before the end of this month—most probably next week, sources close to the Indian High Commissioner in Karachi disclosed. The Indian delegation is likely to be led by Commerce Secretary, Mr. C. C. Desai.

IMPLEMENTING THE PACT

Delhi Directive

NEW DELHI, April 12 (PTI).

The Government of India have taken certain steps for the implementation of some of the terms of the Indo-Pakistan Agreement, it is learned.

The Government of India have directed the GGovernments of West Bengal, Assam and Tripura to take immediate action on the five-fold provision. It includes the appointment of Minority Commission to observe and report on the implementation of the agreement, the establishment of a committee to act as trustees of evacuees, the setting up of an agency for the recovery of abducted women, the appointment of a commission to enquire into the recent happenings and inclusion in the Cabinet of a minority representative.

The Central Government have also issued instructions to the custom officers in pursuance of Clause B of the agreement which provides for facilities and permission for the evacuees to carry as much personal effects and household goods as possible including jewellery and cash of Rs. 150 per adult and Rs. 75 per child.

Steps are also stated to have been taken for the appointment of Liaison Officers at the custom posts, on the Indo-Pakistan border in the east.

The other principal step yet to be taken is the appointment of a Central Minister in West Bengal and a decision is likely to be taken shortly in this regard.

Plea To The Press

CALCUTTA, April 12 (P.T.I.): Following the recent Indo-Pakistan agreement, the West Bengal Government has requested the press in the State to co-operate with Government in implementing the terms of the agreement by abstaining from publishing any story that might aggravate the relations between the people of the two countries.

NO AGREEMENT ON JUTE YET

Pakistan Minister's Statement

KARACHI, April 12 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Mr. Fazlur Rahman, Commerce Minister, replied in the negative when asked in the Pakistan Parliament whether a press report that a settlement had been reached with regard to jute between the Pakistan Jute Board and the Indian Jute Mills Association, was true.

He said a report had been called for from the Jute Board on the reported conference of Mr. Faruque and Mr. Isphani, Chairman and member of the Board, with Mr. Walker, Chairman of the Indian Jute Mills Association in Calcutta.

He told another questioner that the value of jute exported to American account in 11 months ended February 1950 was nine million dollars.

Allocation Of Seats In House Of People

DR. AMBEDKAR'S BILL IN PARLIAMENT

NEW DELHI, April 12 (UPI).

THE LAW MINISTER, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, introduced in Parliament today the Representation of Peoples Bill, to provide for the allocation of seats in the House of the People and in the Legislative Assemblies and Legislative Councils of States.

In allocating seats in the House of the People to the different States and in fixing the total number of seats in the legislative assemblies of different States, the present population of each State as on 1st March, 1950, as estimated in consultation with the Census Commissioner for India has been taken into account. The allocation has been made on the basis of one seat for every 7.2 lakhs of the estimated population. The total strength of the House of the People has been fixed at 488.

QUALIFICATIONS

The Bill also seeks to confer upon the President the powers to delimit, after consultation with the Election Commissioner the various constituencies for the purpose of election to fill seats in the House of the People and in the legislative assemblies and legislative councils of the States.

It further provides for the registration of electors for the parliamentary constituencies and for the assembly and council constituencies and the qualifications and disqualifications for such registration.

A special provision has been included for relaxing all the resident qualifications on the case of displaced persons who migrated before the 25th day of July, 1949, to India from territories of Pakistan. Provisions have been made for the preparation of electoral rolls, the period of currency of such rolls and the revision and correction of such rolls during such period in special cases. Certain action was already taken by the Constituent Assembly Secretariat for the preparation of electoral rolls for the elections to the House of the People and the legislative assemblies of the States. A provision has accordingly been included in the Bill for the validation of such acts.

THE EXODUS STOPS

LUCKNOW, April 12 (UPI).

THE immediate effect of the Nehru-Liaquat agreement has been the restoration of confidence in the minority community in U.P. which is seen from the fact that the exodus of Muslims from this state to Pakistan, which started towards the end of March, has now completely stopped. This is disclosed in the reports received at the headquarters of the State Government from Agra.

The United Press of India understands that in the two weeks ended April 9, about 10,000 people left surreptitiously for Pakistan from Agra. There have been no departures from Agra for the last three days.

India Accepts Sir Owen As U.N. Mediator

LAKE SUCCESS, April 12 (PTI-Reuter): INDIA today told the Security Council she accepted the Australian Jurist Sir Owen Dixon without reservation as United Nations Mediator in Kashmir.

Mr. M. Gopala Menon, India's Alternate Delegate in the Security Council, made the following brief statement: "My Government has asked me to convey to the Security Council their acceptance of Sir Owen Dixon as U. N. Mediator. The Government of India will be glad to extend to Sir Owen their warmest and fullest co-operation in the discharge of his functions as U. N. Representative."

Golwalkar Meets Sardar

NEW DELHI, April 12 (UPI): Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, the RSS Chief, who came to Delhi yesterday from Nagpur, had an interview with Sardar Patel this afternoon. Mr. Golwalkar was accompanied by Lala Hansraj Gupta and Mr. Basantlal Oak. The interview is understood to have lasted for 45 minutes.

MORE FRONTIER VIOLATIONS

Sweden Protests To U. S.

LONDON, April 12 (PTI-Reuter): Search aircraft sweeping the Baltic for a missing United States plane today sighted a life raft, but it was not yet known if it belonged to the Privateer, untraced since Saturday.

Sweden today joined Soviet Russia in complaining that United States planes had violated Baltic frontiers. An Air Force spokesman in Wiesbaden said he did not know if the Russian protest specifically concerned the missing plane.

In Stockholm today, the Swedish General Staff complained that a United States military aircraft flew on Monday over the country's closely-guarded Baltic marine base of Karlskronka.

Two others were observed over Lyckeby, just to the north, they added.

United States Air Force headquarters in Wiesbaden officially denied all knowledge of the alleged incident on Saturday. But they declared that 25 Air Force planes and about 300 airmen were continuing to search the southern Baltic for a ten-man bomber missing since Saturday.

U.S. REJECTION?

WASHINGTON: The United States is expected to issue a tartly-worded rejection of the Russian protest against alleged frontier violation by an American plane, according to Washington diplomatic and military authorities. They forecast a sharpening of tension, further deterioration of relations between the countries and additional exchanges of angry notes

Soviet Protest To Italy

REPARATIONS NOT PAID YET

LONDON, April 12 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Russia has handed the Italian Ambassador in Moscow a note alleging violations of the Italian peace treaty, particularly regarding reparations, a Tass message from Moscow disclosed today.

The note, according to the Tass message picked up in London, alleged that reparations due to Russia under the treaty had not been paid.

The Soviet note accused the Italian Government of deliberately delaying presentation of a correct statement of Italian assets in Bulgaria, Rumania and Hungary.

CURFEW LIFTED IN HOWRAH

Improvement In Situation

CALCUTTA, April 12 (UPI).

CURFEW in Howrah imposed on March 28 last was lifted today in view of the general improvement in the situation.

The District Magistrate of Hooghly had passed orders imposing curfew at Bansbaria for a week, from 8 p.m. to 4 a.m. daily, and at Bahdreswar, Serampore and Utterpara police station areas daily from 10 p.m. to 4-30 a.m. for 14 days.

Orders under Section 144 Cr.P.C. have also been promulgated in areas under Chinsurah, Magra, Bhadeswar, Serampore and Uttarpara police stations for 14 days.

BAREILLY NORMAL

LUCKNOW: Bareilly, according to an official spokesman of the U. P. Government, has returned to normal again. He said that in the medley that followed the fire in the Subzimandi, one person was fatally injured. Rumour at once went round the city that it was a case of communal nature and the man had been stabbed by some one of the other community. It was further said that the fire too was the work of some communalists.

The official spokesman told the UPI today that both the stories were baseless. The fire which resulted in a loss of about rupees ten lakhs was purely accidental and all the shopkeepers of the area equally suffered as a result of it.

Pilbhit Incident

PILIBHIT (U. P.), April 12 (PTI): Damage to property was reported to have been done in some rural areas of Pilbhit following recrudescence of trouble early this week. Five people were killed and two injured in a village in Ehangirabad police circle where some houses were also set on fire.

Twenty-five persons were arrested and a collective fine of Rs. 2,000 was imposed on certain villages.

SEVEN GANGSTERS KILLED

Encounter With Police

VIJAYAVADA, April 12 (PTI).—Seven members of an armed gang were killed by special armed police in an encounter last night near Amudalanka, a village in Krishna district, according to reports here today.

The police recovered guns and spears from the fleeing raiders who abandoned their dead.

Acting on information that the gang planned to raid the village, the police waited in ambush at strategic places. When challenged, the raiders opened fire which the police returned.

SABOTAGE ON O. T. RAILWAY

Kumaon Express Rolls Down A Bridge

32 KILLED, 76 INJURED

BAREILLY, April 12 (PTI).

THIRTY-TWO persons were killed and 76 injured, ten seriously, in the worst train disaster in the history of the Oudh and Tirhut Railway that occurred at 1-30 this morning on the Bareilly-Kasgunj section as a result of sabotage.

The accident took place when the 10 Down Kumaon Express was passing over a bridge between Bitroi and Katchala railway stations.

Confirming that the accident was the result of sabotage, a press communique issued by the O. T. Railway Administration said that fish plates and dog spikes were found removed and both rails on the Bitroi end abutment of the bridge displaced.

The dead include both firemen. Eighty passengers were treated for minor injuries and allowed to proceed to their destinations.

The guard of the train who reached Izatnagar tonight put the death roll at thirty-six.

Villagers from neighbouring areas collected in their hundreds at the scene and helped in the rescue work.

Mr. F. C. Badhwar, Member for Engineering, Railway Board, left New Delhi this evening for Bareilly to visit the scene of derailment of Kumaon Express.

OFFICIAL VERSION

The Public Relations Officer, Oudh and Tirhut Railway, issued a communique on the railway accident.

"The O. T. Railway administration regrets to report that at about 1-30 a.m. on April 12 a serious accident occurred as a result of sabotage when the 10 Down Kumaon Express was passing over the bridge between Bitroi and Katchala on the Bareilly-Kashgang Section of the O. T. Railway.

"Information so far received reveals that fish plates and dog spikes had been removed and both rails on the Bitroi end and abutment of the bridge displaced. The engine and the leading brakevan capsized after going over the bridge. The second bogie capsized with the chassis separating and falling down, the underframe clinging to the bridge gird. The third, fourth and fifth bogies fell off the bridge. The next two bogies were derailed, while the last two remained intact on the line.

RELIEF SPECIAL

"A relief train with additional medical assistance, food vendors, etc. from Kasganj also arrived at the site at about 6-40 a.m. The local police with the aid of the villagers helped in extricating the passengers from the

(Continued on page 5 ,col. 4)

FIRE IN B.P.T. GODOWN

Rs. 10 Lakhs Loss

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

THE sealed drum looked harmless enough, as it lay unattended in the April sunshine outside the Bombay Port Trust godown at Haji Bunder. Wednesday evening at 7-30 it exploded and shot up into the sky. It came down, its inflammable sodium sulphite contents blazing, pat on top of the godown.

That started a disastrous fire (estimated loss: rupees ten lakhs) that almost gutted the entire godown which had stocked sulphur, chemical dyes and cotton bales. For two long, destructive hours, the eastern sky seemed for miles around glowing crimson, with occasional explosions. One of the bursting drums shot straight down into a barge off shore, setting its cotton cargo on fire. The barge sank soon, and many half-charred bales floated long after the vessel had submerged.

The fire and the explosions brought down the roof of the godown, too.

The sixteen fire engines and the firemen headed by Fire Brigade chief Pradhan turned their attention first to a nearby godown storing ammunition, which was promptly removed to safety. In two hours' pumping, the water had silenced the explosions and quenched the fire.

Nobody was hurt.

ARMOURED VEHICLE DEPOT FIRE

Heavy Damage

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, April 12: Akabarali, a Muslim employee at Dehu Road, has been put under arrest in connection with a fire that broke in the armoured vehicle section of the Military depot, at Dehu Road, causing heavy damage.

Further inquiry, in this matter, has been entrusted to the Central C.I.D.

13 Killed In Plane Crash

ALBUQUERQUE (New Mexico), April 12, (PTI-Reuter): All thirteen crew were today presumed killed aboard a United States Air Force Flying Fortress which crashed in flames during the night into a restricted atom-bomb assembling area near here.

The Air Force drew a tight curtain of secrecy around the area.

About half the dead had been recovered by day break.

PROTEST AGAINST POLICE BILL

Walk-Out In Madhya Bharat Assembly

GWALIOR, April 12, (PTI): Six independent members of the Madhyabharat Legislative Assembly today staged a walk-out protesting against the passing of the Madhyabharat Police Bill.

The walk-out by the members who characterised the Bill as a "black measure", followed a statement by the leader of the Opposition, Mr. Anand Bihari Mishra.

Before the Bill was put to vote after its third reading, the Leader of the Opposition, in his statement, said: "We do not want to see this Bill pass before our eyes as it strikes at the very fundamental rights granted to the people of the country under the new "Constitution".

SYSTEM GOES:—The Madras Government are taking steps to eliminate "kangani"—the system of recruiting labour through a middle man—in plantations, it is learnt.

SOCIALIST CORPORATORS RESIGN FROM COMMITTEES

No Co-operation From The Majority Party

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

FRUSTRATED in all their attempts to have outstanding differences settled between themselves and the Congress Party, which at most has been grudgingly accommodating on certain issues, all 37 members of the Socialist Party, together with their allies, tendered their resignations from the various Statutory Committees and also from the Special Committees of the Corporation, as a protest against what they termed the undemocratic and non-cooperative attitude of the Congress Party.

As Mr. M. V. Donde, in his press conference, pointed out, from 1948 to date, 95 per cent of the Resolutions of the Socialist Party were either turned down on the spot, or were passed over to other Committees for virtually the same purpose. With such an unhelpful attitude, aggravated by an apparent determination, to stifle the voice of the Opposition, the Socialists contend that it would serve no useful purpose in continuing in office as an ornamental Opposition with a voice as good as that in the wildnerness.

NOT INTERESTED

The Socialist Party also point to the results of the recent annual elections to the various Committees of the Corporation which, they say, clearly indicates that the Congress Party is not willing to have the real co-operation of the Opposition on the day-to-day work of the Municipal administration.

So as to deprive the minority of its democratic right of proper debate and criticism "the Congress Party has brought forward certain proposals, without consulting the Opposition, for changing the procedure rules of the House" by such questionable tactics as curtailment of the time limit for speeches, and also by increasing the number of Councillors needed for calling a Special Meeting of the Corporation, in a manner calculated to prevent the Socialist Party from making their own strength felt, although that strength represents one-third of the total strength of the House.

They also take objection to the proposal for restricting the democratic right of demanding a poll or division. These proposed changes, they say, are definitely against the spirit of the procedure generally adopted in the legislatures.

DISRUPTIVE TENDENCY

Mr. Asoka Mehta depored the disruptive tendency on the part of the Congress Party, and was also emphatic in his denouncement of the fact that according to the Congress Party's version, the term "Opposition" meant only those who were not aligned with the Congress Party.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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Wanted from 1st June. A graduate Teacher, (preferably trained and knowing French or Persian) to take up higher classes. Pay according to Ghate-Parulekar scale with D. A. plus free board and lodging. Apply with testimonials to Principal, Billimoria High School, Panchgani. (7547)

Wanted immediately an M.B.B.S. for factory work interested in industrial health and personal management. Selected candidate will work with experienced industrial physicians of a leading group of companies. Grade Rs. 450 to Rs. 900 plus allowance. Apply stating age, training and experience to Box No. 7562 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Lady Housekeeper of good personality, age between 20 to 40 years old for a rich and respectable house. Apply with full particulars to Jwala Estate, Borivli. (7519)

Wanted applications from influential and efficient workers for representing a very sound and bonus paying insurance company with low premiums for Bombay presidency on very liberal terms. Permanent connections. Apply Box No. 7546 "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

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Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr. G. S. Monga: Post Box No. 119, Baroda. (1727)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BANSILAL AMRITLAL COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, ANAND

THE COLLEGE will RE-OPEN for the next Academic Session on June, 10, 1950. The College provides courses leading to the degree of B.Sc. (Agri) of the University of Bombay.

The minimum qualification required for admission is the passing of F. Y. Sc. Examination of the Bombay University or Intermediate Science Examination of any other University recognized by the University of Bombay.

Application forms duly completed should be submitted to the Principal not later than May, 15, 1950. Prospectus of the College containing the application form for admission and other particulars regarding fees etc. can be had from the College Office on request free of charge, and no postal stamps are necessary to be forwarded with the request for Prospectus.

(Sd.) M. D. PATEL.
Principal.

B. A. College of Agriculture, Anand.
Anand, 10th April, 1950.
(7568)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY.

TENDER No. 122/602-S/BN(Q).

1. Sealed tenders in tenderer's own forms are invited for supply of 5 Tons M.S. Hexagon Nuts 1,1/2" dia (B.S.W. Threads) 6 T.P.I. to B.S.S. 916 of 1940.

2. Rates should be inclusive of packing charges and sales tax if any applicable for delivery F.O.R. station of despatch. Inspection will be at destination.

3. Sealed covers should be superscribed "Nuts 1,1/2"dia and reach the office of the undersigned not later than 24-4-1950 accompanied by a receipt for Rs. 500/-/- as earnest money to be deposited with the Chief Cashier and Pay Master, E.P. Railway, Delhi. No cheques or demand drafts towards earnest money will be accepted. Tenderers who are borne on the approved list of this Railway and have already deposited Rs. 500/-/- are exempted from depositing earnest money. Tenders will be opened on the following working day at 14 hours.

4. The successful tenderer will be required to deposit 5 p. c. of the value of the order and earnest money where deposited against this tender, will be counted towards security if so desired by the tenderer.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER (STORES)
DELHI.
(7569)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY STATE ROAD TRANSPORT SERVICE COMMISSION

NOTICE No. 3

APPLICATIONS are invited for the undermentioned posts upto 30th April, 1950:

(1) TECHNICAL OFFICER (Central Workshop, Poona).
Scale of pay: Rs. 300-25-600.
QUALIFICATIONS:
(a) A degree in Engineering of an Indian or Foreign University with Industrial Engineering as one of the subjects.
(b) At least 2 years' experience in a manufacturing concern preferably connected with automobile industry involving planning, stores and scheduling duties.
(c) Additional general experience in such branches of Engineering as fixture designing, plant layout, Engine testing, etc., making an overall experience of about 5 years.
(d) Age limit 35 years but relaxable in exceptional cases.

(2) WORKS SUPERINTENDENT (Central Workshop, Poona).
Scale of pay: Rs. 300-25-600.
QUALIFICATIONS:
(a) a degree or diploma in Metal Processing or Mechanical Engineering with metal processing as a special subject.
(b) Experience in a responsible capacity of at least 5 years in a metal workshop dealing in Automobile Works.
or
General basic education with not less than 15 years' experience in an automobile repair shop in a responsible capacity.
(c) Ability to handle labour efficiently.
(d) Knowledge of Factory Act essential.
(e) Age limit 40 years.

(3) DEPUTY ENGINEERS (Civil).
Scale of pay: 220-15-400-EB-20-500-EB-25-650.
QUALIFICATIONS:
(a) a degree in Civil Engineering of a recognised University.
(b) Practical experience in structural, building construction and road construction work for at least 5 years.
(c) Age limit 35 years.

All posts carry usual Dearness Allowance.

The necessary application form is obtainable against payment of Rs. 2/- by Postal Money Order from the Secretary, State Road Transport Service Commission, Dadajee Dhackjee Building, Worli, Bombay 18.
(7573)

WASTE FOR SALE:

AT SHREE RAM MILLS LTD.

Waste Tender Forms will be available from the office at nominal fee of Re. 1/- each. Tenders will be accepted upto 4 P. M. on 30-4-1950.
(7571)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 31-5-1950 for post of PRINCIPAL, BARODA MEDICAL COLLEGE AND SUPERINTENDENT, SHREE SAYAJI GENERAL HOSPITAL, BARODA. PAY:— Rs. 1000-1500 PLUS dearness allowance as admissible under the rules PLUS unfurnished bungalow or in lieu 10 per cent of pay as house rent. Higher starting pay admissible. AGE:— Between 35 to 45 years on 1-8-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. QUALIFICATIONS:— (1) M.D. or M.S. degree of recognised university or F.R.C.S. or M.R.C.P. of England or Edinburgh or F.C.P.S. of College of, Physicians and Surgeons, Bombay by examination; (2) high special qualifications and experience considered essential for performance of duties as Head of the College and Hospital; (3) registration under Bombay Medical Act, 1912. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay" who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with the employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the exchange office.
(7564)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 31-5-1950 for the post of VETERINARY AND ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION OFFICER AT THE GOVERNMENT MILK COLONY AT AAREY (25 miles from Bombay). PAY:— Rs. 200-650 PLUS dearness allowance. Higher starting pay upto Rs. 500/- per mensem may be allowed in suitable cases. AGE:— Not more than 35 years on 1-8-1950, relaxable in suitable cases. QUALIFICATIONS:— (1) Veterinary graduate or M. R. C. V. S.; (2) special training or post-graduate work in artificial insemination at recognised institution; (3) experience in treatment of cattle diseases, administration of Veterinary hospitals, disease control and artificial insemination. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED INDIAN Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay 1", who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with the employment exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the exchange office.
(7565)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
TENDERS

THE CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Bombay invites tenders from Contractors whose place of business is in the State of Bombay upto 16 hours on 10th May 1950 for the contract for receiving and despatching B. B. & C. I. Rly. Coal routed by rail-cum sea route at Bombay Port Trust Docks. Tenders will be opened in the presence of such tenderers or their authorised agents as may choose to attend. Full details can be obtained from his office.
(7572)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CHANDULAL SARABHAI MODY, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand whatsoever in to or against the said property by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, maintenance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 121, Mahatma Gandhi Road within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such right, title or claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of occupancy tenure under the Bombay Land Revenue Code with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mulund, in the Registration Sub-District of Thana, Thana District and bearing Survey and Hissa Nos. and area and assessment according to present description as per Record of Rights as under:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area Acres-	Gunthas.	Assessment Rs.	As.	Ps.
270	1 out of	0	14	1	12	0
271	- out of	5	33½	34	5	0
		6	7½	36	1	0

The above are contiguous plots and are bounded as follows:— viz: on or towards the North by Government land, known as "Mal-elp", on or towards the South by Bombay Agra Public Road, on or towards the East by the property of Ganpat Abaji Bodke and on or towards the West by the property of Kantilal Keshavlal Modi.

Dated this 10th day of April 1950.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA
Purchasers Attorneys.
(7566)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KANTILAL KESHAVLAL MODY, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand whatsoever in, to, or against the said property by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, maintenance, possession, lease, lien, easement of otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 121, Mahatma Gandhi Road within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such right, title or claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of occupancy tenure under the Bombay Land Revenue Code with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mulund in the Registration Sub-District of Thana, Thana District and bearing Survey and Hissa Nos. and area and assessment according to present description as per Record of Rights as under:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area Acres-	Gunthas.	Assessment Rs.	As.	Ps.
270	1 out of	1	31¾	8	5	0
270-B	N. A.	0	8½			
271	- out of	2	6½	13	11	0
		4	6½	22	0	00

The above are contiguous plots and are bounded as follows:— that is to say, on or towards the North by Government land known as "Mal-Telp" and a stream, on or towards the South by the property of Tulsidas Gordhandas Khatau on or towards the East by the property of Chandulal Sarabhai Modi and on or towards the West partly by public road, known as Bal Rajeshwar Road, and partly by the Government land known as "Mal-Telp".

Dated this 10th day of April, 1950.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(7567)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of Elec. goods, silk yarn, 4 Pieces Thick Felt, rugs, shuttles, machinery parts by order of Insurance Cos.; 2 Cases Cycle Parts by order of Official Liquidator of Exchange Bank of India and Africa; 2 Cases Cycle parts by order of Deputy Custodian of Evacuee Property: 15 Cases Mica, typewriters, 12 Cases, Roller Composition, rubber chemical and rings by order of offices on 14-4-50 at 2-30 p. m. at our rooms BENNETT & CO.

POLICY OF SITTING ON THE FENCE

Analysis Of India's Publicity Abroad

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)
NEW DELHI, April 10.

PARLIAMENT has shown considerable anxiety over the anti-Indian propaganda abroad. The Deputy Minister, Dr. B. V. Keskar in reply to a question in Parliament disclosed that thirty-six Officers were working on external publicity involving an expenditure of Rs. 33.51 lakhs a year.

Here are some points from Dr. Keskar's reply:—

1. The publishing for external publicity is done by the Information Ministry.
2. External Broadcasts by the All India Radio and not included in the External Publicity Budget.

The annual expenditure for the working of the high-power transmitter for 1950/51 is placed at Rs. 10,15,500 and that for External News Services at Rs. 12,91,500 making a total of Rs. 23,06,000. Monitoring Section, which is a part of external publicity costs Rs. 4,28,400 a year. Research and Reference Section of the Ministry of Information costs Rs. 1,94,000 and Publication Division Rs. 16,83,000. The provision of external publicity in the Ministry of External Affairs amounts to Rs. 5,94,000.

To sum up,

Expenditure on External Publicity abroad	Rs. 33,51,000
Expenditure on External Publicity Section of the Ministry of External Affairs	Rs. 5,94,000
Expenditure on High Power Transmitter	Rs. 10,15,500
Expenditure on External News Service	Rs. 12,91,500
Expenditure on Monitoring	Rs. 4,28,000
Expenditure on Research	Rs. 1,94,000
Expenditure on Publications	Rs. 16,83,000
TOTAL	Rs. 85,57,000

It is true that a portion of the expenditure on research, publications and monitoring could not be debited to External Publicity. A portion of the expenditure on Films and Photographic Section of the Ministry of Information, which has not been included in the expenditure should however counterbalance the credit claimed. For a poor country, like India, an expenditure of over Rs. 85 lakhs a year on External Publicity is not a small sum. It is not money but men and policies, which should take the blame. Here is something about men.

Professor Ranga: Is it not a fact that some of the External Public Relations Officer, who were appointed without any reference to the Union Public Service Commission were brought back here from the various places abroad for interviews with the Commission.

Dr. Keskar: Yes.

WRONG COMPARISION

In a world split into two parts that confront each other across a gulf, the sitting on the fence policy is looked upon with suspicion by both sides. India's rulers cite the case of the United States of America, which immediately after its independence, followed a similar policy.

That there is a fallacy of time and space in this argument is totally ignored. America has never been attacked. India has been. America followed this policy in the days when there were no global strategy. Even the best publicity cannot help India with this policy of sitting between two stools.

There is another aspect of this question. By the itch for leadership. India has antagonised Holland and France over Indonesia and Indo-China. India has become a librator of all the oppressed and suppressed people in Asia and Africa. The Jews are angry because Israel is not yet recognised. The suppressed people have no pull over publicity in Europe and America. India has to make a choice. Either she falls for leadership or good publicity.

Another aspect. The Publicity Officer must have some material for his publicity. He cannot succeed if he is handed over the full text of speeches and photographs of foreign diplomats presenting their credentials. There is no development worth the name which he can publicise.

The case of National Laboratories could be cited to illustrate the point. Long before their buildings were completed, they were opened up. It is not known whether India's rulers, doing their opening were going out of the country for years that incomplete buildings were opened. The unseeming haste remains unexplained.

With beat of drums Poona and Delhi Laboratories were opened and full text of speeches together with photographs were sent abroad. The foreigner however did learn that even the laboratory buildings were not yet complete. So long as development consists of tonsils exercises, no publicity can succeed.

FISCAL COMMISSION

The Indian Fiscal Commission's draft report is expected to be ready for discussion next month and the final report may be made to the Government in June. It is a forgone conclusion that the Commission will recommend the establishment of a permanent Tariff Board which among other things would watch the progress of protected industries from the special angles of efficiency, quality of produce, and fair price.

Foreign capital, Imperial Preference and the International Trade Organisation are some of the important issues on which the Commission is expected to make recommendations. The recommendations on foreign capital are likely to be within the framework of the Prime Minister's policy statement of April last year.

The statement, while welcoming foreign capital, reserved for the Government the full right to regulate its entry in the field of Indian enterprise. It also gave an unequivocal assurance that once foreign capital is admitted it shall suffer no discrimination. "As regards the existing foreign interests the Government do not propose to place any restrictions or impose any conditions which are not applicable to similar Indian enterprise," said the Prime Minister.

The Commission is not expected to recommend any change in this policy, but it may make proposals for re-casting the present machinery of disposals for re-casting the present machinery of capital control, and the Finance Minister indicated in Parliament last week that his mind is already working in that direction. He said he was getting a memorandum prepared on the working of the capital issues scheme, and the basis on which it should be worked in the future.

IMPERIAL PREFERENCE

The issue of Imperial Preference is inter-linked with that of the International Trade Organisation, which bans any preferences. The range, scope and effectiveness of these preferences have drastically been reduced by the import control and the cost of production of British goods. It is suggested here that they are no longer detrimental to the interests of India, but on the other hand provide a sheltered marked for Indian goods.

The future of the International Trade Organisation is still uncertain. A growing volume of opinion in America is against ratification of its charter. Its ratification by Britain depends largely on its ratification by the principal industrial countries. India's position has been made clear more than once. It has no intention to stand out in isolation, but will not ratify the charter unless it is ratified by Britain and the United States.

The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade is due to expire on the 31st December. It was intended as an interim arrangement until the inauguration of the International Trade Organisation. The uncertainties about the Organisation will be reflected in the future of the General Agreement on Tariffs. A conference of the signatory governments will decide its future this summer, and it is suggested here that the Agreement will be extended for a few more years to enable the countries to decide practicability of the International Trade Organisation. This is the line the Fiscal Commission is expected to adopt in its report.

CYCLE PARTS

It is not so much a plan, but its implementation and the spirit in which it is implemented, that matters. I have referred previously to the capital structure of two Indo-British cycle manufacture undertakings. In spite of assurances to the contrary the Government of India have been insisting that both the companies should use exclusively cycle parts manufactured in India, and supply to other already established undertakings various parts manufactured by them. This is being done under the "omnibus" term of pooling resources.

The first question is that of quality. Cycle parts can be fitted in if they are of requisite quality. The British firms participating in the undertakings have acquired a reputation for their products. Any down-grading in quality will be detrimental to their goodwill and the reputation of their products.

Another point is that each manufacturer has some trade secrets and distinctive features for his products. There would be no purpose in the two undertakings manufacturing and competing with each other if their products were to be identical. The fact that a consumer prefers to pay higher prices for imported articles should indicate to the Government their superiority over the indigenous product.

FOREIGN CAPITAL

The Finance Minister recently gave the following figures of the employment of foreign capital in Indian industries for 1948-49, and for the nine months ending the 31st December, 1949:—

	1948-49	1949 April-December.
United Kingdom	Rs. 5,05,74,321	Rs. 1,57,40,176
Canada	Rs. 16,60,000	.....
Ceylon	Rs. 1,25,000	.....
Honk Kong	.....	Rs. 1,20,625
Britting East Africa	Rs. 25,000	.....
Denmark	Rs. 18,580	.....
States United	.....	Rs. 16,500
TOTAL	Rs. 5,24,00,901	Rs. 1,58,77,301

The industries in which this capital participated were electrical engineering, chemical and drugs, non-ferrous metals, paints and varnishes, and radio manufactures. The Government will have to create the necessary confidence that foreign capital will not meet discrimination or unnecessary obstacles if they really desire its participation on any adequate scale.

R.S.S. Clash With Boys

JAMSHEDPUR, April 12 (P.T.I.): Lathis and stones were used in a free fight last evening between a group of R.S.S. men and some boys over the use of a plot of land, at Kadma Colony, that belonged to neither of them.

A dozen persons were injured before the police arrived on the scene and dispersed them.

It is stated that the R.S.S. party wanted to use the land for their parades while the boys wanted it as a playground, though neither had the permission of the rightful owner of the land.

Public Trusts Bill

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY DISCUSSION

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Bombay Legislative Assembly took up today the second reading of the Bombay Public Trusts Bill as amended by the Joint Select Committee, to which it was referred after being passed through its first reading during the last session of the Assembly. In all, 28 amendments were disposed of, majority of them being rejected. The second reading of the Bill had not concluded when the House rose for the day.

A small crowd of Jains, presumably the opponents of the Bill, had gathered in the corridor outside the Assembly Hall. Some of them were seen distributing literature purporting to show how some of the provisions of the Bill militated against the tenets of the Jain religion, and urging the legislators to oppose the Bill.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY EXAM. RESULTS

Dates Of Declaration

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The dates of declaration of results of various examinations of the University of Bombay are as under:

B.Sc. (Tech.) Monday, 10th April, 1950 at 12 noon. Textiles, Monday, 10th April, 1950 at 12 noon; T.D., B.T., Wednesday, 12th April, 1950, at 1 p.m.; Dip. Lib., Wednesday, 12th April, 1950 at 1 p.m.; Agricultural Examinations Wednesday, 19th April, 1950, at 2 p.m.; Veterinary Examinations, Saturday, 29th April, 1950, at 1 p.m.; D.O., D.P.H., Tuesday, 2nd May, 1950, at 12 noon; D.M.R.E. Saturday, 6th May, 1950 at 12 noon; M.D., M.S., Tuesday, 9th May, 1950, at 12 noon; Intermediate Science Tuesday, 16th May, 1950, at 3 p.m.; M.Sc. Translation Test, Tuesday, 16th May, 1950, at 12 noon; B.Sc. Tuesday, 23rd May, 1950, at 3 p.m.; Intermediate Arts Wednesday, 24th May, 1950, at 3 p.m.; Intermediate Commerce, B.Com. Tuesday, 30th May, 1950, at 2 p.m.; LL.M. Tuesday, 30th May, 1950, at 12 noon; First M.B., B.S., Second M.B., B.S., Thursday, 1st June, 1950, at 2 p.m.; Third M.B., B.S., Thursday, 1st June, 1950, at 12 noon; M.A. & M.Sc. (Maths.), Thursday, 1st June 1950, at 12 noon; D.A., D.V.D., D.Ped., B.D.S., T.D.D., D.L.O., Thursday, 1st June, 1950, at 12 noon; B.A., Wednesday, 7th June, 1950, at 2 p.m.; First LL.B., Monday, 12th June, 1950, at 12 noon; M.S. (Other than Maths.) Monday, 12th June, 1950, at 12 noon; Engineering Examinations, Monday, 12th June, 1950, at 2 p.m.; Second LL.B., Monday, 19th June, 1950, at 12 noon; M.Ed. Wednesday, 26th July, 1950, at 12 noon.

LAND FOR HOUSING SOCIETIES

Quick Disposal Of Applications

BOMBAY, Wednesday: In order to avoid delays in the grant of lands to co-operative housing societies, the Government of Bombay has instructed its Revenue Officers to take preliminary steps regarding the grant of lands as soon as applications are received from such societies with the endorsement of the Assistant Registrar concerned intimating that steps were being taken to form the societies.

They need not wait until the societies are actually formed. However, orders regarding the grant of lands will not be issued until the societies are actually registered. In the case of housing societies of Backward Class persons, the applications for grant of lands should be endorsed, as has been stated already, by the Assistant Backward Class Officer concerned.

Petition Under Press Act Dismissed

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Bavdekar and Mr. Justice Shah).

A Special Bench of the Bombay Hign Court constituted under the Press Act dismissed a petition filed by S. R. Date, Publisher of a Marathi daily of Poona named "Kal" praying that the Government order demanding from him Rs. 1,000 as deposit under the Press Act be set aside.

In the issue of the "Kal" of 16th November 1949, was published a poem entitled "Let the three Souls get salvation," The petitioner contended that there was nothing in the poem which could be said to express admiration for the assassins of Mahatma Gandhi As the Government did not desire to withdraw the order for deposit, the hearing of the petition was proceeded with.

Their Lordships held that the poem in question did fall within the mischief contemplated by Section 4 of the Press Act. In their Lordships' opinion, the question of violation of fundamental rights under the new Constitution urged by the petitioner did not arise as the objectionable article had been published before the new Constitution came into force. In the result their Lordships dismissed the petition but granted leave the petitioner to appeal to the Supreme Court.

Mr. K. N. Dharap, Mr. N. D. Dange and Mr. D. P. Dhupkar appeared for the petitioner.

The Advocate-General with the Assistant Government Pleader appeared for the State

Prohibition Act Challenged

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A petition filed by Fram N. Balsara, a Bombay journalist, against the state of Bombay and the Prohibition Commissioner contending that the Bombay Prohibition Act violates several of his fundamental rights as a citizen, including the rights to possess and consume foreign liquor, cologne water and lavender water, that several of its provisions are ultra vires the State Legislature, that it infringes the right to export and import across customs frontiers and to carry on interstate commerce, and that some of the definitions in that Act including that of "liquor" are illegal, will be presented on Thursday morning before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Bavdekar and Mr. Justice Shah for the issue of a Rule.

The petition is for the issue of a writ of mandamus to compel the State to permit the petitioner to exercise his rights and for an order under section 45 of the Specific Relief Act against both the State as well as the Prohibition Commissioner to forbear from preventing the petitioner from exercising his rights.

SARVODAYA SCHEME FOR SOUTH SATARA

BOMBAY, Wednesday: At an estimated cost of Rs. 30,275, the Government of Bombay has sanctioned the Sarvodaya Scheme for Satara South District. The scheme was formulated by the Sanchalak, Sarvodaya Scheme, Satara South District. The Scheme provides for Khadi industry, industrial training, oil ghanis, and cow-rearing. Stipends for training in village industries will be given.

Carpentry & Smith School

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The organisation of an additional peripatetic Carpentry and Smithy School at Udwada in Gujarat for the benefit of the Backward Classes has been sanctioned by the Government of Bombay for a period of one year, in the first instance, from April 1, 1950.

POWERS OF PRESENT SHOLAPUR MILL DIRECTORS CHALLENGED

An interesting motion involving questions of constitutional law came up before Mr. Justice Bhagwati, when one Dwarkadas Shrinivas a shareholder holding about 3,200 shares and ex-director of the Sholapur Mills challenged the power of the present directors to make calls on the unpaid or partly paid shares.

The plaintiff stated that the Central Government by an ordinance took over the management of the Mills and appointed a board of directors consisting of its own nominees. The said board of directors were endowed under the ordinance with full powers to manage all the affairs of the company and accordingly it made a call of Rs. 50 per share to be paid on or before 3rd April 1950. The plaintiff contends that (a) the right to make calls is vested only in a board of directors properly elected under the Articles of Association of the Company, (b) that the Articles form a contract entry between the members of the company and (c) that the ordinance purports to deprive the shareholders and among them the plaintiff of this contractual right of his and (d) that under the new constitution this cannot be done as it offends against the fundamental rights given to the citizens by the constitution.

The plaintiff has therefore filed the present suit against the Board of Directors for a declaration that they have no power to make such a call, and for an injunction, and has taken out a Notice of Motion for an interim injunction restraining the debts pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit from enforcing the call.

Arguments on the Motion are not yet over.

Increase In Rice Acreage

NEW DELHI, April 12, (PTI): Rice acreage covering the area sown in India in 1949-50 was 65,962,000 according to the all-India second estimate of the Directorate of Economics and Statistics. The total acreage in 1948-49 was 63,247,000, the total increase, therefore, being 4.3 per cent.

Disclosing this, an Agriculture Ministry press note says:—

"The estimate generally covers the period up to the end of November, 1949 and the reginning of December, 1949 and till the condition of the crop was reported to be satisfactory on the whole except in Madras where the crop has been adversely affected by the cyclones in the northern districts and the failure of north-east monsoons in the eastern districts.

The increase in acreage has mainly occurred in Assam, Bihar, Bombay, Madras, West Bengal, Madhya Pradesh and Hyderabad and has been attributed partly to the favourable weather conditions at the sowing time and partly to the 'Grow More Food' campaign. In Bihar, however, the increase is due to the change in the method of estimation.

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CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

THURSDAY, APRIL 13.
Hindu: Chaitra Vad 11, 2006.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akher 24, 1369.
Parsi: Avan 13, 1319.
Sunrise 6-24 a.m., Sunset 6-55 p.m.
Hightide 09-54, 22-14.
Lowtide 04-01, 15-52.

Today's Engagements

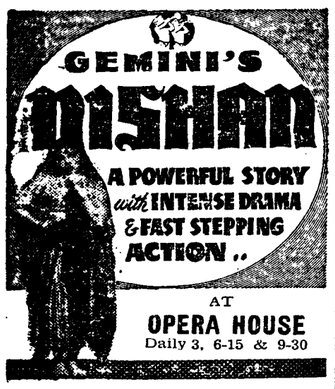
CORPORATION MEETING: There will be a meeting of the Corporation on Thursday, the 13th April 1950, at 3-30 p.m. (Standard Time).

PUBLIC MEETING AT KHALSA COLLEGE. Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay, will address a meeting under the auspices of the Prohibition Week Celebration Committee at Khalsa College 10 a.m. today.

UNION PARK Mr. Morarji Desai will perform opening ceremony of the Park built by the Union Land and Building Society Ltd. at Chembur 9 a.m.

EDUCATION FILM SHOW at G.T. High School, Bhuleshwar 8 p.m.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY Mr. Dinkar Rao Desai will open an art exhibition of paintings by Mr. Y. K. Shukla at Society's Salon, Fort 6-30 p.m.



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RE-ADJUSTMENT OF WAGE POLICY NECESSARY

Chandavarkar's Plea To Government

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A call for re-adjustment of wage policyin if prices were to fail and India was to compete successfully in the world market, was given by Sir Vithal N. Chandavarkar, Chairman of the Bombay Mill-owners' Association, presiding over the Annual General Meeting of the Association held in Bombay today.

He said that, if the prices of manufactured goods were reduced in accordance with Government's avowed policy of progressive price reduction, without a corresponding reduction in manufacturing costs, the manufacturer would find himself squeezed, when trade was receding, between falling prices and mounting costs, which would destroy all incentive to trade.

He, therefore, pleaded for the introduction of rationalisation and efficiency measures to bring about a reduction in manufacturing costs in national interest, to enable efficient workers to earn higher cash wages.

PRICE CONTROL

Referring to the price control over cloth and yarn, he said that if cloth and yarn prices were to be controled, cotton prices must be controlled, and if cotton prices were to be controlled, the prices of kapas must also be controlled. "To control cotton...but not kapas will make control absolutely meaningless", he added.

He thanked Government for the encouragement given to the export of cloth from India. He however, depreciated the tendency of Government to allow large exports of cloth in some months and practically no exports in the remaining months.

He therefore, suggested that Government should have a system whereby it would be possible for the country to maintain an even flow of exports to all countries throughout the year. He also requested Government for an early fixation of the available cloth quota to be exported next year.

Mr. Neville N. Wadia, Deputy Chairman of the Association, speaking next said that it was important for the industry and the country, that production be kept up at the highest possible level.

"Not only will this make more cloth available for internal consumption but will permit us to export annually the full 800 million yards—the targets which should be maintained", he said.

Sindkheda Market Area

BOMBAY, Wednesday: For the purposes of the Bombay Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1939, the Government of Bombay has declared, with effect from April 15, 1950, the Sindkheda Taluka of the West Khandesh District as the market area in respect of tur, mug, udid, math, chola, sesamum, linseed, casterseed, gram and gul, in addition to cotton (ginned and unginned), groundnut (shelled and unshelled) and chillies.

In accordance with the rules made under the same Act, the Government has declared the area known as "Adat Bazar" in Barsi Town of the Sholapur District to be a market yard.

DEPRESSION IN THE BAY OF BENGAL

All-India Weather

POONA, April 12 (PTI).—The following is the daily weather summary for Wednesday.

The depression in the Bay of Bengal is now deep and is centred this morning within a degree of lattitude 14 degrees north, longitude 91 degrees east. It is likely to intensify further and move north-eastwards towards the South Arakan coast.

Thunder-showers have been widespread in Malabar and Travancore-Cochin and occurred locally in Chota Nagpur. A few thunder-showers have also occurred in Assam, Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, Tamilnad and coastal Andhra Desa.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THURSDAY EVENING: There will be local thunder-showers in Assam and Travancore-Cochin and few thunder-showers in and around Gangetic West Bengal, Vindhya Pradesh and Madhya Bharat, in Malabar and South Tamilnad. A few thunderstorms or dust-storms may also occur in north Rajasthan and the Punjab.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from March 1 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on Wednesday.

Abu 88 — — — —, Ahmedabad 105 74 0 0 minus 0.1, Ahmednagar 101 67 0 0.1 minus 0.2, Ajmer 98 77 0 0.2 minus 0.1, Allahabad 102 66 0 1.8 plus 1.1, Ambala 94 59 0 1.8 minus 0.7, Aurangabad 101 71 0 0.2 minus 0.1, Bangalore 94 71 0 0 minus 0.8, Baroda 106 73 0 0 0, Belgaum 97 64 0 0.5 minus 0.4, Bhuj 101 70 0 0 minus 0.1, BOMBAY 88 72 0 0 minus 0.1, Calcutta 97 71 0.2 minus 1.6, Darjiling 65 - 0 3.6 plus 0.9, Dehra Dun 85 57 0 3.0 plus 1.5, Delhi 94 64 0 0.7 plus 0.1, Hyderabad (Dn.) 103 73 0 0.1 minus 0.9, Indore 101 69 0 0.2 minus 0.1, Jaipur 98 74 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Jubbulpur 102 61 0 1.4 plus 0.8, Kolhapur 100 69 0 0.3, Lucknow 101 62 0 0.5 plus 0.1, Madras 96 79 0 0.4 0, Mahabaleshwar 90 69 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Mussoorie 64 51 0 4.1 plus 1.2, Mysore 94 69 0 0 minus 0.8, Nagpur 106 69 0 1.2 plus 0.3, Ootacamund 73 48 0.1 0.3 minus 1.9, Palghat 94 76 T 0.7 -, Patna 104 72 0 0.2 minus 0.3, Patiala 92 61 0 1.3, Poona 100 61 0 0.4 plus 0.1, Rajkot 105 69 0 0 minus 0.1, Shillong 79 54 0 3.1 minus 0.9, Sholapur 75 72 0 0.3 0, Simla 62 50 0 4.4 plus 1.3, Surat 100 75 0 0 0,

B. T. EXAMINATION RESULTS

Bambay University

The following candidates have passed the B. T. March 1950 Examination of the University of Bombay.

FIRST CLASS: Nos. 4 28 31 38 95 114 121 122 135 156 168 170 175 208.

SECOND CLASS: Nos. 1 5 9 12 17 18 26 29 30 32 35 37 39 40 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 50 51 52 53 54 56 60 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 78 79 80 81 82 84 85 86 87 92 93 111 113 115 116 117 118 124 125 127 128 130 131 134 138 139 140 141 142 143 146 148 149 150 155 159 160 161 163 169 172 179 180 181 182 191 192 193 195 197 198 199 200 201 203 204 205 207 209 210 211 213 214 215 218 220.

PASS CLASS Nos. 2 3 6 7 8 10 11 13 14 15 16 19 20 21 23 24 27 33 34 36 41 49 55 57 58 61 62 63 77 83 89 91 94 96 97 99 100 103 104 106 108 119 120 123 126 129 132 133 136 137 144 145 147 151 154 157 158 162 164 165 166 167 171 173 174 176 177 178 189 190 194 196 202 206 212 216 217 219 221 226 227 228 229 230 231.

PASSED IN PART I ONLY
Nos. 25 101 102 112 164 185 187 222 223 225.

PASSED IN PART II ONLY
Nos. 22 88 90 107 152 183 183.

T. D. EXAMINATION RESULTS

The following candidates have passed the T.D. March 1950 Examination of the University of Bombay.

NUMBERS: 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 13 14 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 50 52 53 54 55 56 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 67 68 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96.

PASSED IN PART II ONLY
NOS.: 1 12 19 30 47 48 57 69 81.

Librarianship Diploma Exam. Results

The following candidates have passed the Examination for the Diploma in Librarianship, March 1950 of the University of Bombay.

NOS.: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 29 30 31 33 36 37.

Baisakhi Gurpurb

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Sikhs of Bombay are celebrating the annual 'Baisakhi" Gurpurb, the first day of the month Baisakh, which is the birthday of the Khalsa Panth, on Thursday, April 13, at the Khalsa College, King's Circle. The Congress President, Home Minister and Excise Minister will address the Gathering at 10 a.m.

TODAY'S RADIO

THURSDAY, April 13.

Air News From Delhi

English 8 a.m., 1-30 p.m., 6 9; Gujarati 8-45 a.m., 1 p.m., 8-15; Hindustani 8-15 a.m., 1-40 p.m., 6-10, 9-15; Kannada 7-45 a.m., 7-45 p.m.; Malayalam 7-30 a.m., 7-30 p.m.; Marathi 8-30 a.m., 12-50 p.m., 8; Tamil 7-15 a.m., 7-15 p.m.; Telugu 7 a.m., 1-50 p.m., 7 p.m.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor bhaee, 7-35 Physical education, 7-40 Today's programme, 7-45 S. Shroff, G. Geet, 8-15 Ravi Shanker 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari, 12-50 S. Shroff, G. geet, 1-10 Jeevnanand, 1-40 Rhythmemories, 4-20 School broadcast, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 5-20 Radha Mundkar, puria, 5-30 For children, 6-10 W Sadolikar, multani, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 Radha Mundkar, bhoop, 7-45 For industrial workers, 8-30 G. talk on changing East, 8-45 P. M. Mistry, G. roopak, "Ajod kalakar" 9-15 W. Sadolikar, kh shankara, 9-30 Film songs, 9-45 Sports review, 10-0 M. Pagliarin, 10-20 F. Tagliavini, 10-40 E. Politzer.

VARIATIONS—8 a.m. Radha Mundkar, kh. deskar, 8-45 B. Navadikar, M. songs, 1-0 p.m. B Navadikar, M. bhavgeet 1-30 Jeevananand, 1-50 For women, 5-0 Hindi by radio, 6-0 R. S. Bijoor, sarangi, 6-20 For rural listeners, 7-30 Commercial news, 8-15 B. Navadikar, M. songs, 9-0 M. H. Nadgir, K. songs, 10-0 Sitar, sarod.

BARODA

7-30 a.m Smaran, 7-45 Today and tomorrow, 7-50 Kamal Punekar, bhavgeets, 8-15 As in Ahmedabad, 8-30 R. Chhotekhan, sarangi, 5-30 p.m. As in Ahmedabad, 6-10 L C. Bhagat, bhajans, 6-20 Garba dhun, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 K L. Saigal, 7-15 G. talk, "our province", 7-30 R. Chhotekhan, sarangi, 7-45 Kamal Punekar, pads, 8-0 p. C. Bhagat, bhajan, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Naine ki boli, 9-30 L. G. Bhagwat, "Swapbna vilas", M

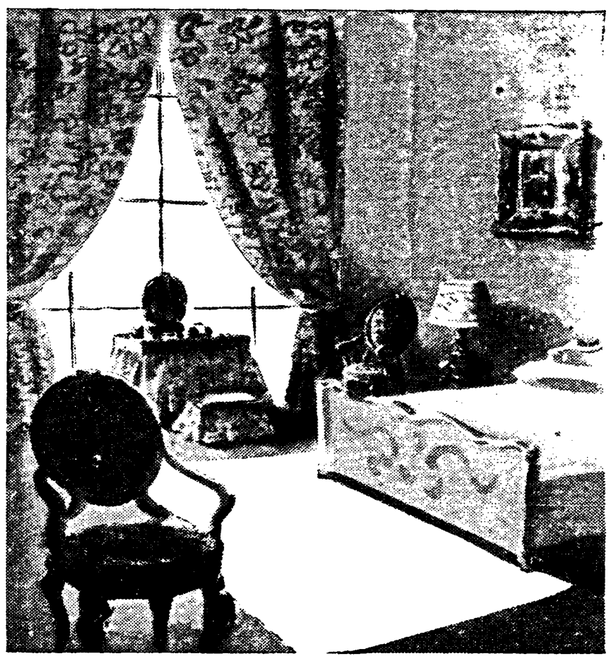
AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Ashram bhajanovali, 7-40 Geet Gurjari, 8-15 B. P. Bhatt, "uchat gai", 8-30 A. Patel, ghazals, 5-30 p.m. B. P. Bhatta, kh. b.v.d., 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Lest we forget, 6-45 G. Sant, violin, 7-0 A. Patel, ghazal, 7-15 G talk, "our state", 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Locals, 8-5 K. L. Saigal, 8-30 Rag kedar, 9-39 Pankaj, mag. prog.

B. B. C.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE:—6-45 a.m. Gerald Barry Speaking 7 Donald Peers 7-30 Land and Livestock 8 Frederick Riddle (viola) 8-15 Sterling Value 8-45 Dresden State Opera Orchestra 10 Oscar Rabin and his Band 10-30 Wilfred Pickles in "Have A Go" 11 Sports Review 11-15 Listeners' Choice 11-45 Music From Grand Hotel 12-45 p.m. Programme Parade 1 Listeners' Choice 1-30 Letters of Marque 2-15 Merchant Navy Newsletter 2-30 Symphony of Strings 3 BBC Scottish Orchestra 3-45 The Mother of Parliaments 4 The Raeburn Orchestra 4-45 Sporting Record 5 Music Magazine 5-15 Generally Speaking 5-30 From the Editorials 5-45 Three's Company 6 Books to Read 6-15 Theatre Talk 6-45 Voice of the Violin 7 The Women's Programme 7-45 Half-An-Hour, Please and Serenade 8-45 Ray Martin 9-15 Special Dispatch 9-45 New Records 10-30 Observation Post.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 p.m. Tamilosai (A Tamil Magazine Programme). 8 Behnon Ki Khidmat Men (Programme for women). 8-15 Sunne Ki Baten 8-30 Sabras.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VARIETY SHOW IN AID OF BENGAL REFUGEES

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The East Bengal Refugee Relief Committee has organised a grand variety show on the morning of 16th April in aid of East Bengal Refugees. A highly interesting programme in which prominent artistes will take part has been drawn up.

The entire proceeds will be made over to the Ramakrishna Mission which has already undertaken relief operations for the distressed people.

Shri S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, has kindly consented to be Chief Guest of Honour.

The show will be held at the Sunderbai Hall. The rates are Rs. 100, 25, 10 and 5.

In the "Sport Folio" to be broadcast by AIR, Bombay, on Thursday, at 9-45 p.m. Mr. L. G. E. Clarke will interview Mr. Rusi Modi, the Test Cricketer. The broadcast can be heard on both Bombay 'A' and 'B'.

Bombay Ban On Weapons Extended

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, has extended by one month with effect from April 13, 1950, his order prohibiting carrying of lethal weapons like swords, spears, bludgeons, guns, knives, sticks, lathis, etc. or any corrosive substances or explosives in any public place in Greater Bombay.

The order also prohibits the carrying, collection and preparation of stones or other missiles or instruments or means of casting or impelling missiles.

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Director: AMIYA CHAKRAVARTY
Music: HUSANLAL BHAGATRAM
From TOMORROW SUPER Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 12-30
Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 5-30 to 7

The Pulse Of The City

FATAL BURNS: The sari of Chandrabagabai Baboo caught fire while she was preparing food at her house at Gamdevi. The victim died, Wednesday morning, in hospital where she had been admitted for treatment of the burns

UNWANTED: A twenty-year-old Christian lady, Carmellin Fernandez is alleged to have thrown away her newly born child into a refuse dump at Tadwadi Street. The child was first noticed by a municipal sweeper woman while she was clearing the dump on Tuesday morning. Both the baby and its alleged mother were taken for treatment to hospital. The woman has been remanded into police custody.

THEFT: Chungdeo Khandu Kadam who is alleged to have broken open a godown at Old Custom House Road and removed articles worth Rs. 2,500 was arrested on Monday and remanded into police custody.

ONE-MAN SHOW: A one-man show of paintings by Mr. Y. K. Shukla, a widely toured artist, will be opened on Thursday at 6-30 p.m. by Mr. Dinkerrao Desai. The show has been sponsored by the Education Ministry of the Government of India.

MISAPPROPRIATION: Godown keeper of Messers Samuel Osbor and Co. at Kalachowky was arrested for allegedly misappropriating goods worth Rs. 10,371. The Mazagaon Magistrate released him on bail.

FOOTBOARD TRAVELLING: The B. B. and C. I. Railways got 38 persons convicted for travelling on the footboard of the railways on the Bombay Local Section and main broad gauge lines.

CHEATING: Alleged to have duped several city business men Yashwant Magan Vagal was arrested on Monday. According to the police the accused along with two others was doing business at Choga Street in the name of Messers India Services. In November last they made the complainant to part with 32 electric motors of an aggregate value of Rs. 6,100 by telling him that they were acting on behalf of the Government of India. As soon as the motors were delivered the accused sold them for Rs. 2,500. Police have so far recovered three motors from a shop at Mutton Street. The accused has been granted bail. The two other accomplices are still at large.

GAMBLING: Dharma Hiraji and fifteen others labourers employed in S. S. Mosbay at present berthed at the dry dock of the Alexandra Docks were arrested by the Yellow Gate Police for gambling on board the ship. All the accused have been enlarged on bail.

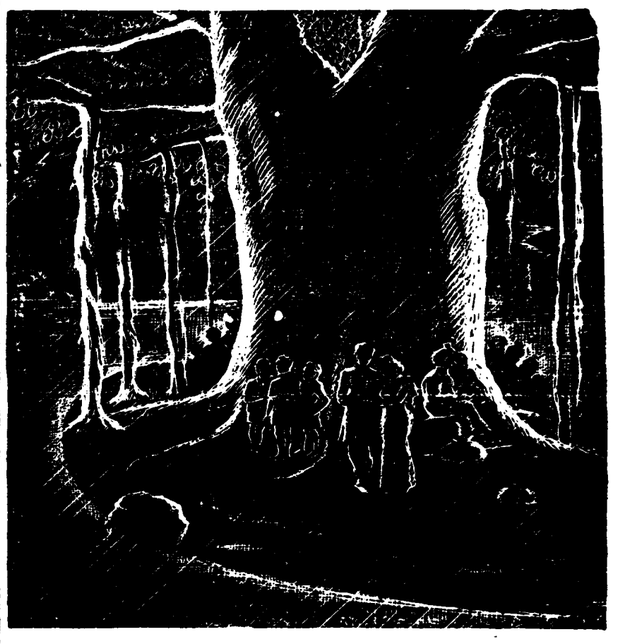
PORTRAITS: The Municipal Corporation Hall will from Friday be adorned with portraits of Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Nehru, Dr. Prasad and Sardar Patel. The Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaya will unveil the portraits on Friday.

WANTED MAN: Police are searching for a notorious house-breaker. Late last night a flat in Multani building at Khambatta lane was broken open when the owner was out. The absconding house-breaker was suspected by the police to have committed this theft also.

PICK POCKETING: Manasarally who has already been convicted thrice for pick pocketing was sentenced to an aggregate term of 10 months' R.I. on charge of relieving two passengers of Rs. 80 and 32 respectively in broad day light. He was also sentenced to 6 months' R.I. for being a returned externee.

ARRESTED: The Santa Cruz police arrested Bisingh Attarsingh and Ramsingh Balsingh on charges of housebreaking and theft in respect of radio sets valued at Rs. 3,000 yesterday. The police allege that the suspects are members of a big gang with headquarters in Bombay City and they operate throughout the suburbs committing house-breaking and theft. Both the suspects complained of assualt by police while in the lockup. The Magistrate ordered them to be examined by the police surgeon

PROHIBITION CASES: During the month of March 1950 the Greater Bombay Police picked up 1561 cases, 1548 under the Prohibition Act, 12 under the Opium Smoking Act, and 1 under the Dangerous Drugs Act. Of these 45 ended in conviction while 1516 cases were pending at the end of the month.



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RESISTANCE TO DISEASES?

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The Bombay Chronicle

CHARTER OF NATIONALISM

There are many possible approaches to the Nehru-Liaquat Agreement. To these who think that the Agreement is bad and a betrayal, there can be only one answer. Fortunately, they are small in number, insignificant in character and wholly lacking in logic. The "Free Press Journal" for instance, prefaces two columns of emotional abuse with the remark "that the Agreement calls for study". Of anything like study, there is not the slightest sign that the writer has even read the Agreement, let alone studied it, but that has not prevented him from putting up a pretence of having carried out a "close analysis". Of the rest, there are persons who regard the Agreement as not quite adequate but worthy of support. We do not think these critics are quite fair either to themselves or to the Agreement. It is no use launching out on an appeal for support with the words, "Whatever its shortcomings". Why not honestly say what the shortcomings are and how it is believed that they can be rectified? Then again, there are persons who hold that the Agreement will reveal many difficulties in the actual working. To those we would commend the words of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who, in admitting these difficulties, went on to observe that we can overcome them. We would also point out that the difficulties in facing up to any other solution will be immeasurably greater.

It is easy to ask why past agreements have not been honoured and why we should expect this agreement to be any more seriously taken than the ones in the past. But the answer to this question is also so easy that we are surprised anyone should bother to ask it. In the present agreement, the whole position has been so clearly and specifically laid down that any non-observance of any of its provisions will immediately stand out: because both India and Pakistan have looked into the abyss before drawing back: and because there is both an exhaustion in the two countries from the emotional excesses of the past thirty months and a firm resolve on the part of the Governments to put down those who live by exploiting the feelings of the people. Even looking at things from a completely pessimistic angle, it is fairly obvious that at some time there has to be a turning-point in the worst relations between two countries, and there is no cause for doubting that India and Pakistan have just got over a critical period. Even those who form their attitude on the pure interests of the minorities, must admit that by the Agreement two things are assured to them: Firstly, it has been made clear that neither India nor Pakistan will equate nationalism with membership of one community and that the Governments will actively interest themselves with putting down any threat to this position. Secondly, any individual member of a minority in either country who feels that he must leave it for the other, will be enabled to do so without any hindrance. It might be conceded that these two assertions depend on the policies of the two Governments in the post-Agreement period. But, against this, must be set the elementary fact that by doubting intentions we are not helping but hindering the implementing of the Agreement.

Both Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan have called for the co-operation of the public. The meaning of the appeal has, we fear, not been understood. It calls for a positive attitude not passive acquiescence. It is not "give-it-a-fair-chance" that is now wanted but "work it". Everything that can be done by the Government, will be done. On the people's side, much can be accomplished by a radical change in their ways of thinking. The great lead that the Agreement gives, is to present the minority question in its perspective. Between the extreme of rabid nationalism which aims at levelling everybody with a steam-roller flatness, and an exclusive concentration on the minority position (in the other country) which leads to blatant injustice to the minority amongst us and the majority beyond the borders, it strikes a sane balance. It affirms that in each State the Government is the refuge of all its citizens and claims the unflinching loyalty of all its citizens. Any agreement which maintains this position, deserves well of its people. It is a charter of nationalism for both India and Pakistan.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

ROME, April 11: Italy's offer to negotiate directly with Marshal Tito over Trieste is reported to have been discussed today when Italy's Foreign Minister, Count Sforza, had a long talk, the first for several months, with the Soviet Ambassador to Italy, M. Mikhail Kostylev.

Count Sforza had described the Trieste offer which he had made at Milan on Saturday as leaving the door open for a wider settlement between the two countries, but stated that negotiation should start with Yugoslav's consent to return to Italy the whole Trieste territory.

—PTI-Reuter.

* * * *

Apropos of security measures for his protection, Pandit Nehru told his Press Conference that he had expressed to the Home Minister his "great dissatisfaction" at "being looked after so well" and observed that "they are a perfect nuisance and I hope they will be reduced."

They ARE a perfect nuisance and we emphatically hope they will NOT me reduced.

* * * *

The "Daily Telegraph" of London says: "It seems not over-optimistic to hope that a genuine relaxation of the dangerous tension between India and Pakistan may have been inaugurated by last week's conference of their two Premiers at New Delhi."

Even the Tories feel forced reluctantly to——yes.

* * * *

Mr. A. A. Khan, leader of Bombay's Muslim L——sorry, fourth Party too has spoken on behalf of Indian Muslims, declaring support to the Prime Minister etc., etc.

And we knew he would too.

* * * *

Apropos of the appearance over the Baltic of a U.S.-Soviet cloud no bigger than two aircraft Moscow reports that a formal Note of "resolute protest" has been handed personally by M. Andrei Vyshinsky to the American Ambassador.

"Resolute" is a new one on us.

* * * *

The note, by the way, resolutely protests that the incident contituted an "unheard of violation of the elementary rules of international law".

Not "unheard of". Oh no. There is no elementary rule of international law the violation of which is unheard of.

* * * *

The rebel East Indonesian leader Captain Abdul Aziz has surrendered unconditionally to the Federal authorities.

He will have time now to brood belatedly over the folly of leaping under somebody else's stimulus.

BOOKS OF TODAY

UPANISHADS IN STORY AND DIALOGUE. By R. R. Diwakar. Hind Kitabs Ltd., Bombay. Price Rs. 2/8. Pages 130.

HINDU MUSLIM CULTURAL ACCORD. By Syed Mahmud, Price Rs. 2/8 Pages 87, Vora & Co., Publishers Ltd.

HINDU CULTURE IN GREATER INDIA. By Swami Sadanand. Sri Lakshmi Printing Press. Pages 167. Price Rs. 2.

NOBLE LIVES. Nagendranath Gupta. Hind Kitabs Ltd. Price Rs. 2/8. Pages 212.

UNIVERSITY ADDRESSES By C. Rajagopalachari. Hind Kitabs Ltd., Bombay. Price Rs. 2/8. Pages 112.

BACK TO THE SOIL. by K. S. Karanth. Harsha Printery and Publications. Price Rs. 6/- Pages 358.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END. By Harekrishna Mahtab. Pages 205. Price Rs. 6/-. The Book Company Ltd., Calcutta.

THE BUDGET 1949-50. and its Economic Background. By the Sydenham College Group Nalanda Publications. Pages 64.

The highlight of Diwakar's Upanishads is of course the introduction wherein the author gives a clear and concise picture of the origin and locale of the Upanishads and their place in Indian thought and philosophy. Taking as his thesis the fact that they are neither literary productions, nor a criticism of life, but are in the main concerned with what is called knowledge of the spirit as distinguished from knowledge of the material world, the author has presented in the form of simple stories and dialogues rather than essays and dissertations the main philosophical tendencies and thoughts to be found in the Upanishads.

The seeker after truth learns the true secrets of knowledge of the spirit and self-possession and the true principle of intelligence through conversations with the God of Death and the rishis and seers. The anecdotes tend to bring this lesson out at its best; as Suresvara says, "to one who has knowledge of the self, non-hatred and other virtues come off naturally without any effort."

It is this lesson of being anchored in the centre of spirit but opening ourselves to all the winds that blow that the author tries to reveal.

The short notes at the beginning of each story explain the point and give to the anecdotes a connected effect. This also adds to the value of the book for the reader who wishes to be acquainted with the grand teachings of the ancient rishis of India, but has neither the leisure nor the felicity to immediately probe into the original texts and learned commentaries thereon.

Hindu-Muslim Entente

Here in book form is a collection of a series of articles about Hindu—Muslim Cultural accord, which had first appeared in the Statesman. Taking as his main thesis the fact that there are very close cultural relations between Hindus and Muslims on the higher levels and that religion has never been a barrier to the unity of the people, the author Dr. Syed Mahmud throws a few interesting sidelights on this ever present problem which has brought about so much bitterness between the two nations in the past. The advent of the Mussalmans in India, the early cultural contact of Islam with India and the reciprocal interest of the Hindus in islamic teachings are all reviewed by him in turn. He then proceeds to give what he seems to think are the main reasons for the lack of amity in the political sphere, despite the cultural accord and reviews in this connection the part played by foreign rule and the rise of the Muslim League.

However of special interest to all thinkers of both nationalities are his suggestions for what he calls "paths of reconcialiation and unity". The author's approach is on the whole frank, and deserves some attention.

Hindu Culture

Hindu Culture has today in our country become synonymous with many "isms". In the past, however, it has been associated with many other Asiatic countries and has flourished for centuries together in a group of countries and islands—Indo-China, Malaya, Siam, Java, Sumatra, Burma and Ceylon, in some of which it hs survived the ravages of time even to this day.

These contacts date back to these ancient days when Hindu missionaries inspired by lofty ideals travelled to distant lands as did merchants and traders, artists and scholars, all determined to establish cultural and other contacts in these countries. "Hindu Culture in Greater India" presents an interesting account of these contacts with these lands. Ancient Hindu temples, reverence to the Mahabharata, the Sanskrit language, architecture, sculpture all present these links. The book is well illustrated with documentary evidence from archaeological and other departments. However, the detailed accounts cannot but be of interest only to the student, and as such the book loses its appeal for the layman.

Biography

In the essays brought together in the volume "Noble Lives", the late Mr. Gupta describes the varied contributions made by seven noble patriots to the social, moral, religious, and political regeneration of the country during the last one hundred years. His own intimate contact with the seven men whose lives he describes — like Vidyasagara, Paramhansa, Bankim Chatterji, Tagore, Motilal Nehru, Vivekanada, Lala Rajpat Rai and his knowledge of their brilliance, their heroic actions

(Continued on Page 5)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Telengana

In your column "Frankly Speaking" on 10th instant you have welcomed the decision of the Divisional Bench of the Hyderabad High Court to order retrial of the cases of 12 Telengana persons sentenced to death. You have correctly demanded that "they must get proper and fair trial" and that "..there is no excuse for denying them that privileges.

I am not aware of the source of this news, but there appear to be some factual inaccuracies in your note. On March 29 the Hyderabad High Court refused leave to 12 Telengana peasant leaders to appeal to Supreme Court against death sentences passed on them while is ordered retrial of some other cases of other Telangana peasants. Your note is obviouly in reference to the 12 to whom such leave was finally refused.

I do not know how this final decision of the High Court was suddenly reversed. For not only the specific miscarriage of justice that you have referred to, but numerous more and grave illegal practices of the Special Tribunal were pointed out when Barrister D. Latifi moved the High Court for leave to appeal.

You have correctly stressed that "the alleged crimes were committed during unsettled times". They were allegedly committed at a time when all authority in the State collapsed and self-defence was the only safety against the Razakars who acted like wounded beasts at bay. And they were accused not as you are incorrectly informed "of grave crimes like intimidation, torture and murder of innocent villagers", but on the specific charge of killing two Razakars.

You correctly voiced the opinion of our people when you wrote "No one in this country wants innocent people to go to the gallows".

—J. S. MAHIMKAR,
Secretary, Telengana Defence Committee.

University Of Bombay

The students appearing for the S. S. C. examination who have taken up Sanskrit, Marathi and history and geography instead of mathematics, are debarred from taking higher education in the Bombay University. The students who give up mathematics for the S. S. C Examination are compulsorily required to study mathematics (arithmetic, algebra and geometry) up to the Standard VI and they give it up only for the S. S. C. Examination. It is extremely difficult to understand why the University should brand such—students as unfit for pursuing any course of higher education now imparted in the colleges for the university examination. Courses in languages, histiry, philosophy and such other subjects which do not essentially require intention for mathematics should be kept open for them. This year thousands of students are appearing for the S S. C. examination with such subjects and to close the doors of the university education to those who have passed in the said examination, and to mar all their ambition for higher education is unfair. It is high time that the Bombay University should know before this that the real national education is not embodied only in the Mathematical brains. It is hoped that the Syndicate and the Senate of the Bombay University would give their early thought to this and make the necessary amendments in their rules without delay.

—R. H. JOSHI

D. Ward Congressmen Protest

The following letter, signed by 101 D Ward Congressmen has been sent to the President, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee:—

We have learnt with surprise about the disciplinary action taken by you against Sri Varad

Sri. Varad was elected to the B.P.C.C. by us. We know Sri. Varad so well, for the last several years, that we cannot even think of any misbehaviour on his part against the interests of the Congress, that would call for a disciplinary action against him. But we have followed closely the part Sri. Varad has played in the B.P.C.C. He has been a doughty champion of decency and honesty in the Congress. Any action against him in our opinion is an action against the conscience of the B.P.C.C.

You can vindicate your action only by going to the primary members and receiving their endorsement. Both you and Varad were elected from D Ward As primary Congressmen it is our request to you to allow Sri. Varad the right to contest an election against you. The world will then know whether the rank and file Congressmen want a devoted servant of the Congress like Sri. Varad or you.

—AJIT DESAI AND 100 D WARD CONGRESSMEN.

The Khandala Conference

It was announced last Monday that at a conference held at Khandala the Socialist Party of Maharashtra had come to an understanding with the Peasants and Workers Party (Shetkari Kamkari Sangha) to work in close co-operation inside and outside the legislatures and local bodies, while maintaining separate identities. Though not much noticed in the press the agreement came as a surprise because the indications so far pointed out that the Peasants and Workers Party leaned more towards the Communists than to the Socialists. On the other hand, its leaders had used their pet weapon of branding the Socialist Party as an invention of the Brahmins. Heirs to the "Satya-Shodhak" anti-Brahmin movement, the "Shetkari-Kamkari Sangh" was organised by a few disgruntled Congress rebels. In the beginning much was expected of them in the hope that they would organise a powerful democratic opposition. But, because of the lack of imagination on the part of their leaders, it has degenerated into another non-Brahmin movement. In the absence of any economic programme, they showed strong leanings towards the Communist doctrine and adopted an irresponsible extreme tone in their speeches. At public meetings they revel in breathing fire and brimstone and hurling wild threats about what they would do to Congressmen when they come into power. By their behaviour they have belied the earlier promise of forming a responsible opposition. Always on the look-out for malcontents, the Communists have encouraged and infiltrated into the Workers and Peasants Party to bring it to the politically boiling point. In these circumstances it is surprising that the Socialists, who have scalded their fingers in the past while hobnobbing with the Communists, should have thought fit to make a common front with the communistically-inclined Workers and Peasants Party. As a contemporary points out, the Socialists have found that the Communists are not very particular about what means they use to achieve their ends nor are the methods and existence of democracy sacrosanct to them. So it is surprising that they should experiment again in collaborating with a near communist-political party. No doubt politics makes strange bed-fellows. One of the explanations offered for this strange combination is that when the Socialists, the Peasants and Workers Party and the Congress are fighting a three-cornered election, invariably the first two lose to the gain of the Congress. By this new arrangement the Socialists and the Peasants and Workers Party hope to gain more seats from the Congress at the next election. It is to be seen whether these hopes would be realised. One thing is certain, the Socialists, whose appeal so far has been confined to urban industrial areas, may get an entry into rural Maharashtra, from where the Peasants and Workers Party is supposed to derive its strength. Though the challenge from this combine may not prove formidable, the Congress must see that it is nipped in the bud by strengthening its contacts with villagers and workers.

Ban On Bush-shirts

The Madras High Court has frowned on the habit of wearing hush-shirts while the court is in session. In this, the Court is only following the Prime Minister who in a stinging letter charged invitees to formal parties with lack of decorum, attending dinners "even in bush-shirts." But in spite of the Prime Minister's raised eye-brows, the bush shirt continues to enjoy an unprecedented vogue among the mass of the people, and, if an official ban is to be imposed on it, then, to that extent, the ban will certainly be undemocratic. Usually modes of fashion are set by the Court—not the High Court—and in this field the people follow blindly their leaders. The fact that India has become a Republic, and that there are no kings and courtiers to flaunt their gorgeous attire to the great profit of fashionable tailor, has not prevented the more shrewd of our citizens from imitating certain persons in high position, if not in high society. There are many who bear the cross of a black achkhan and tight Jodhpurs in summer in the hope of being rewarded for their sacrifices. To them the Madras ban might bring some immediate satisfaction for it is a solace to a sufferer that there are many others who are in the same plight. But on second thoughts, the achkhan-wearers might see in the ban a threat to their undisputed glory. For an achkhan will cease to be the dress of distinction when even court clerks begin to patronise it.

Thought For The Day

Oh! she has brought strange quiet on the world, The exquisite sadness of things beautiful That is more sweet than laughter. She has made The heart's pure conquest lightly as a breath. Because her hands are eloquent with love.

—JAMES H. COUSINS
(of Queen Mira)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Fighting Communalism

Voluntary but organised efforts made anywhere in the country to combat communalism and to strive for the realisation of the ideal of secular democracy are sure to be conducive to the achievement of unity and peace at the present moment. Among such efforts should be mentioned the four-point programme adopted by the People's Democratic Convention at Lucknow. In order to give practical shape to the programme, the convention has also decided to organise "Martyr's Squads" which will intervene in cases of communal disorders even at the risk of life and will stake everything to save peace. This is a thoughtful step to canalize the energy and enthusiasm of the youth in the direction of constructive and unifying activities. Besides intervening in the event of disturbances as peace-makers, such squads or groups should counteract, in a systematic manner and with all their might, the dangerous technique of rumour-mongering which not infrequently leads to the outbreak of communal disturbances. They will render a great service to the country if they will refute rumours and false propaganda and will thereby, prevent the people from being perturbed and misled by the tactics of mischief-mongers. The precious life of the youth should not be sacrificed if the dangers to which it might be exposed could be averted. The best way would be to prevent disturbances by tackling the causes by which they might be precipitated. It is self-evident that Martyr's squads will have to be organised as permanent and ever vigilant bodies preparing the people for communal unity and peace; and only then the disruptive elements will cease to gain upper hand over the credulous mind.

Indonesia Asserts

The surrender of the East Indonesia rebel leader, Captain Abdul Azis, is a great victory for the Indonesian Republican Government. This is the second challenge which it has successfully met, and it is heartening to note that in either case, military threats have been met without loss of much bloodshed. "Turco" Westerling came upon the scene when the infant Republic was struggling to start anew after the havoc wronght by the Dutch "police action", and the rebel leader implied with a certain justification that he had Dutch help in his rising. Westerling had to flee the country, and with him faded away the hopes of a fanatic few who hoped to build an "Islamic" Empire in Indonesia. The surrender of Captain Azis is a great victory for the forces which are working for more centralisation in Indonesia. The rebel leader sought to pose as a champion of autonomy, which he claimed was guaranteed in the treaty under which power was transferred to Indonesia. The revolt has underlined the danger of giving too much autonomy to a member state, and Indonesia can take a leaf out of recent Indian history, when, thanks to the policy adopted by the country's leaders, tiny states which threatened the unity of the country were gradually brought in line with the rest of India.

British Exporters Fumble

"Worldover Press" adds to the disgruntlement about the export failures of British businessmen this tale from Mexico City: "Thinking the drop in the British pound might make Britain's leather prices competitive, an American importer visited the British Embassy. He got names of leather exporters and of the British Government agency charged with leather exports. The agency sent a four-colour brochure a directory of leather producers, and informed 700 British firms of the request. So far so good. About a dozen leather producers wrote. Half these sent samples. But none gave a price delivered to Mexico City. That meant letters back to England for more facts. One Mexican shoe-manufacturer did make an order anyway. But when the supplier got it, he wrote back from Britain that he had suffered production delays and wouldn't be able to supply the leather by the desired date after all! So the manufacturer cancelled — and the British lost another vital export."

Business Ethics

A commendable step was taken by the Indian Merchants Chamber, Bombay, in adopting an amendment to its rules by which members convicted of profiteering, black-marketing and other offences will be disqualified to continue on its list of membership. The amendment marks affirmation of the principles that black-marketing and profiteering are repugnant to the ethics of trade and business. It will have some effect of attaching a mild but much needed stigma to offenders and of preventing them from parading as members of an accredited mercantile association. The Chamber can, and it should, go further than the step taken by it. It should bring regularly, to the notice of the public the cases of disqualification on ground of profiteering and black-marketing. Although the amendment is not expected to have any direct effect of checking such evils, actions taken by the Chamber in individual cases, if duly published, will to some extent serve as a warning to the public against the anti-social activities of black-marketeers and profiteers. To safeguard the interests of the public should be one of the duties of an association which has upheld the ethics of business by adopting the amendment.

Restoring Confidence

In the course of his address to the Punjab Chamber of Commerce, the Finance Minister Dr. John Matthai observed that the Government had succeeded to a large extent in removing inequalities and anomalies in the taxation system and he emphasised that "what business in India needs above all today is a spirit of confidence and hope that the future is not entirely so dark and depressing as it may appear". But our business community is not anxious to take it for granted and follow what the Finance Minister says in the face of rigid controls which have killed all enthusiasm. If the Government is anxious to restore confidence, they must undo controls wherever possible and make them simple where necessary. The most essential thing necessary in this direction is to restore freedom of trade and provide equal opportunities to all existing and intending businessmen. At present we have no definite import policy beyond June 1950. Thereafter the Ministry of Commerce may change or modify the present policy. Thus under such changing conditions how can spirit of confidence be possible and who will take risks in business. Similarly our export policy is also fluctuating every now and then with bans on exports of some type of goods and lifting of bans on other types of goods These sudden changes involve huge financial risks in the absence of long-range definite economic and financial policies. This explains the absence of confidence in the business community and when there is no confidence at the base of business, hope of success is remote Thus if the Finance Minister takes the trouble of finding out the causes behind the absence of confidence and adopts effective measures to restore, there is no doubt that we will have an hopeful and promising future.

JUSTIFY THE POWERS AND PRIVILEGES

Mr. Rege's Call To Pleaders In Madhya Bharat

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, April 12.

Presiding over the second session of the Madhya Bharat Pleaders' Conference at Indore today, Mr. M. B. Rege observed that the adoption of the Constitution of India for Madhya Bharat has brought the High Court and the pleaders of Madhya Bharat in line with the High Courts and the Bar in India and with the change, the High Court and the Bar have the grave duty of justifying the powers and privileges. "I wish to assure that we shall spare no pains or efforts in the performance of our duty."

Today, Mr. Rege observed, we can, with the light of reason to guide us, play an important part and with the practice of those ideals which create and lend strength to the nation, help to remove the grossness in the present outlook. Time was when our profession could leave politics to leaders of political thought, but with the achievement of independence, we have the sacred trust of helping in the development and maintenance of political ideas and ideals.

Supporting the Government of India in its promulgation of emergency measures, Mr. Rege said: "This is not the occasion when we should embark on a discussion of the merits or demerits or the need for the action, and I would strongly urge that we, whose outlook must be founded on reason should have an open mind and not be led away by sentiment or dogma.

PEACE AND ORDER

"The first requisite in national life is peace and order and we must not forget that in the best governed country individual liberty has to be some times fettered for the preservation of the nation. The fundamental rights of the citizen are indeed a sacred trust and must be defended but the sacredness is likely to be affected when there is sacrilege as the alternative.

The Government is ours and it follows as a duty that we should strengthen it by constructive work and criticisms and not weaken it by destructive attack. Democracy in India is in its infancy and we must nurse it to ever-growing strength.

Mr. Rege expressed the hope hat an All India Bar Association to guide the legal profession in India will be formed in near future. He also suggested the introduction of Bar Councils Act. Mr. Rege also emphasised the need of well-equipped library in all courts in Madhya Bharat. He hoped that the Bar will receive due representation in the appointment of judges of the High Court. Mr. Rege supported the demand that the district court practitioners should not be confined to one district.

Mr. C. K. Daftary, Advocate-General of Bombay inaugurated the Conference which was attended by about 300 delegates from all parts of Madhya Bharat. Earlier, Mr. D. C. Bharucha, Chairman of the Reception Committee welcoming the delegates stressed the importance of judiciary free from executive control.

PLANS TO ATTRACT TOURISTS

Committee Discussion

NEW DELHI, April 12.

As part of Government's drive to put India again on the world tourist map, the Ministry of Transport is implementing a comprehensive plan for attracting foreign visitors to this country beginning from the winter of 1950. That part of the plan covering the historic and scenic spots in and around Bombay, Delhi and Rajasthan as also Kashmir came in for detailed discussion before the Sub-committee of the Tourist Traffic Advisory Committee yesterday.

Shri S. Chakravarti, I.C.S., Joint Secretary, Ministry of Transport, presided and representatives of hotel and travel organisations, and the Ministries of Information and Broadcasting, and Railways, and of the Saurashtra Government attended.

The Committee then approved certain designs for posters and folders prepared by the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting for tourists promotion to this country.

TRAINING GUIDES

Another feature of the tourists promotion plan relates to a scheme for the training of regional tourists guides. The scheme prescribes minimum educational qualification for guides, the period of training being three months. The curriculum includes a knowledge of English and Hindi, a detailed study of select tourists centres and their environs and a general knowledge of Indian history and geography and culture. At the end of the training course an examination would be held and certificates awarded to successful trainees. The scheme is to be tried first at Bombay and at Delhi.

The Committee also approved draft rules to regulate the recognition of new branches opened by tourist firms and the restoration of important State guest houses now being used as hostels, etc., for the use of tourists.

NO FIRE EXCHANGED WITH SOVIET PLANE

RUSSIAN STORY DENIED

WASHINGTON, APRIL 11 (PTI-REUTER): RUSSIAN ALLEGATIONS THAT AN AMERICAN BOMBER MACHINEGUNNED RUSSIAN FIGHTERS OVER SOVIET BALTIC TERRITORY ON SATURDAY AND THEN FLED UNDER RETALIATORY FIRE WERE DECLARED IMPOSSIBLE BY UNITED STATES AIR FORCE AND NAVAL CHIEFS IN WASHINGTON TONIGHT.

General Hoyts Vandenberg, Air Force Chief of Staff, denied that any craft under his command had exchanged machinegun fire with any Russian plane.

And Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, Chief of Naval Operations, said that a navy patrol bomber, a B-29 for which American aircraft have been searching since it disappeared over the Baltic on the same date as the alleged shooting, carried no arms, and could not have fired at any Russian plane.

Washington observers, studying the text of the Russian note of protest delivered to Ambassador Alan G. Kirk in Moscow by Foreign Minister Andri Vyshinsky today, read into the statements a belief here that the naval plane may have been the craft the Russians fired on.

The Russian protest said an American aircraft identified as a superfortress was ordered down by Russian fighters while 13 miles inside Latvia, near the Baltic port of Libava, and that it opened fire on a flight of fighters after refusing to land.

One of the fighters returned the fire, the note said, and the American craft then turned and fled over the sea.

A naval craft on a routine training flight from Wiesbaden to Copenhagen was officially reported missing with 10 men on board about six hours after the incident. For the past three days 25 American planes, assisted by Danish aircraft and ships have searched more than 56,000 square miles of the Baltic sea for traces of the missing patrol bomber.

CHINESE REDS MAY ATTACK HAINAN

Invasion Plans Going Ahead

HONG KONG, April 12, (PTI-Reuter): Communist assault troops will attack the Chinese Nationalist stronghold on Hainan Island, off the South China coast within the next ten days, usually reliable pro-Communist sources here said today. Preparations for General Lin Piao's invasion are almost complete, they said, and arms convoys have been streaming south day and night from Canton to the Luchow peninsula opposite Hainan.

Attacks on the Nationalist Government headquarters on the Island of Formosa and on the strategically important Chusan Islands are expected to follow the Hainan landing. The Nationalists have repulsed numerous Communist reconnaissance attacks on Hainan in the past two months.

WASHINGTON: United States Secretary of State Mr. Dean Acheson announced today that plans to remove 2,000 foreigners from Shanghai by sea had been abandoned.

DISAPPOINTED LOVERS COMMIT SUICIDE

(From Our Correspondent).

KARWAR, April 12: Disappointed at not being able to achieve the consummation of their love, a pair of young lovers, it is reported from Ankola, committed suicide by taking poison. The young man of about 24 years, it is said, had fallen in love with a lady of a different caste. Both decided to end their lives simultaneously and the story goes that the lady died, though in her own house just after an interval of a couple of hours after the death of the male. In accordance with the last wishes of the lovers, left in a letter, the dead, it is said, were cremated together.

Stop Press

50 SWEPT AWAY BY AVALANCHE

JAMMU, April 12 (PTI).—The Kashmir Government have sent an urgent communication to the District Officer of Doda in the northern Jammu Province to enquire into the authenticity of the reports reaching Jammu that fifty persons were swept away by a fierce avalanche in that area.

FRENCH PRECAUTIONS

PARIS, April 12 (PTI-Reuter).—Republican security guards and police will protect several hundred Cherbourg dockers when at dawn tomorrow they begin unloading the first secret shipment of American arms to France under the Atlantic Pact. Police, three companies of the guard and coils of barbed wire will block all the entrance to the military port.

CHOLERA IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, April 12 (PTI).—One hundred and fifteen persons suspected to be suffering from cholera were removed to hospital from various parts of the city today. 155 cases of cholera were reported in the city yesterday.

U.N. MUST BRUSH ITSELF UP

LAKE SUCCESS, April 12 (PTI-Reuter).—Mahomoud Fawzi Bey, President of the United Nations Security Council for April, said today that the time had come for the United Nations to "revitalize" its work and "do something more positive than what we have been doing so far for world peace and security."

"DAWN" MUST BE HANDED OVER

Angry Meetings In Karachi

From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Mail): The public campaign launched against local English daily 'Dawn' which changed its name overnight to 'Herald' and again started reappearing with its original name after three days owing to its boycott by the people, still continues unabated.

At a public meeting under the auspices of 'Dawn Readers Association', bonfire of the copies of the 'Dawn' was made and its publishers, the Pakistan Herald Ltd were asked to surrender their 'Dawn' to the 'Dawn Trust' whose new trusties Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Miss Fatima Jinnah—were recently appointed by the Sind Chief Court.

During the course of fiery speeches at the meeting, it was clearly made out that "Dawn was the property of the Nation and not the personal property of the Editor, or any Capitalists. The nation had every right to ask that the newspaper should be controlled and managed by the nation's leaders entrusted with the task."

Much weight has been added to this campaign by the statement issued by Miss Fatima Jinnah that the directors of the Pakistan Herald Ltd., of which Sind Premier Mr. Yusuf Haroon was the Chairman, have no right to own or publish 'Dawn' which was founded by the late Quaid-i-Azam Mohommed Ali Jinnah in Delhi as a National Trust with himself as its Managing Trustee.

STANDING FINANCE BODY: A meeting of the Standing Finance Committee will be held from 9-30 to 10-30 a.m. on Saturday, April 15, 1950, in Committee Room No. 53, Parliament House, New Delhi. The Hon'ble Dr. John Matthai will preside.

REBEL STILL IN COMMAND

Captain Azis Unbending

DJAKARTA, April 12, (PTI-Reuter): Rebel leader Captain Andi Abdul Azis was still in command at Macassar today—a week after his successful revolt against the landing of Indonesian Federal reinforcements there—according to a dispatch from the East Indonesian capital received here.

But after negotiations with the local Federal Army Commander, Lieutenant-Colonel Mokoginta, former British paratrooper Captain Azis yesterday freed the Federal troops imprisoned when he seized command. He placed them under control of the State Police and said their arms would not be handed back until they had returned to Java.

The dispatch said Colonel Mokoginta had negotiated with Captain Azis yesterday until the last moment when Indonesian President Dr. Soekarno's ultimatum to the rebel leader was due to expire. Fearing bloodshed among the population, Mr. Soekwati, President of East Indonesia, intervened and persuaded Captain Azis to concede several points to Colonel Mokoginta.

In Djakarta yesterday, a Government spokesman said Captain Azis had surrendered after 1,000 Federal reinforcements had landed on Celebes and surrounded Macassar. He said Captain Azis had confined his troops to barracks and Colonel Mokoginta had reassumed command in the East Indonesian capital.

STEALTHY BATTLE IN INDO-CHINA

Viet Minh Falling Back

SAIGON, April 12. (PTI-Reuter): An 18-day old battle raging between French troops and Viet Minh (Indo-Chinese insurgent) forces in the flooded and heavily wooded terrain of Travinh Province, Southern Indo-China, has entered a "stealthy" phase, French headquarters said today.

Aircraft and naval artillery, employed earlier to check the Viet Minh offensive, were now silent as French troops moved in to begin mopping-up operations. The Viet Minh men, talking back to guard the arms and munitions dumps they have long maintained in the area, were resorting to surprise and guerilla tactics.

PRE-FAB PLANT AT DELHI

Far Ahead Of U. S.

NEW DELHI, April 12 (UPI).

Commenting upon the designs and plants put up by the Government Housing Factory for the production of pre-fabricated houses in India, Prof. Carl Koch of the Department of Architecture in the Massachussette Institute of Technology, said here last evening that the plant put up in India was several years ahead of the U.S.A.

Prof. Koch, who is on a short visit to India, said, after inspecting the factory and the plant, that he was happily surprised and was almost envious to see that only two years after the attainment of independence, India had gone ahead with so modern a venture, and that too under conditions of extreme political stress.

Progressive architects and engineers in the United States, he said, had spent about 18 years trying to persuade their government to take the lead in the industrialisation of house building by starting factories for prefabs. He said that American prefabs were more elaborate and expensive than their counter parts in India. But the basic problems were similar.

His address was attended by about 40 architects at the premises of the factory.

PAKISTAN PRESS CO-OPERATION

Promise To AINEC

KARACHI, April 12 (PTI-Reuter).

Pir Ali Muhammad Rashidi, President of the Pakistan Newspaper Editors Conference stated today that he would give the Indian Newspaper Editors Conference full co-operation in any joint effort to remove tension through the medium of the Press.

Mr. Rashidi said: "Indeed, I should even welcome a joint meeting of the Standing Committees of the Pakistan Newspaper Editors Conference and the All-India Newspaper Editors Conference for such a purpose."

Mr. Rashidi appealed to all newspapermen to follow and implement the solemn agreement both in letter and spirit.

He said: "I would even go so far as to urge that we should publish nothing which may be even in the slightest degree disparaging of or may betray want of respect for the leaders of Bharat.

SABOTAGE ON O. T. RAILWAY

(Continued from page 1)

debris. The injured persons have been removed by the ambulance train to Badaun Civil Hospital. Damage to railway property is reported to be heavy."

"A break-down train has also arrived from Bareilly city and is engaged in the work of restoration of communication. Meanwhile, transhipment of passengers has been arranged. Principal officers from the Railway headquarters at Gorakhpur have also proceeded to the site by a special train. Names of casualties are being ascertained and will be published as soon as information becomes available. The Railway Administration is making all possible arrangements for the care and the comfort of the passengers who have been involved in the unfortunate accident.

THE GUARD'S NARRATION

Suffering from shock and minor injuries, the guard of the ill-fated train, arrived at Izatnagar, in the train that brought the bodies of the two firemen killed in the accident. The guard told the PTI correspondent the train was travelling at the normal speed of about thirty miles an hour, when after a serious jerk and loud noise, it came to a halt. He rushed out and saw a terrible disaster had befallen the train as a result of removal of fish plates. He then ran to Bitroi railway station—a distance of about half a mile—and communicated the news to Izatnagar.

He said that the five bogies, which rolled twenty feet down the bridge, were reduced to matchwood.

He spoke highly of the assistance rendered by the villagers.

INQUIRY

CALCUTTA: Mr. K. C. Pathak, Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. Two, Calcutta (Ministry of Communications), will hold an inquiry at Ujhani station on April 14, at 10/30 a.m. into the derailment of 10 Down Kumaon Express at mile 241/14 between Bitroi and Kachhla at about 1/25 hours on April 12, 1950, states a press note issued here today.

President's Message

NEW DELHI: The following telegrams have been sent to the General Manager, O.T. Railway, in connection with the accident to 10 Down Kumaon Express between Bitroi and Kachhla stations on April 12, 1950.

From the President of India: "The President is deeply distressed at the news of the accident to No. 10 Down Kumaon Express between Bitroi and Kachhla stations today and desires that his most sincere sympathy be conveyed to the sufferers and the families of the dead."

From Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, Minister of Transport and Railways: "Deeply shocked to receive news of accident to 10 Dn. Kumaon Express between Bitroi and Kachhla stations today April 12, 1950. I am sure you are doing all that is possible to relieve the sufferings of the injured. Please convey my sincere sympathy to them and to the relatives of the killed."

From Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Railways: "Please convey my sympathy to the relatives of the killed and to the injured in the accident to 10 Dn. Express between Bitroi and Kachhla stations today."

From Mr. K. C. Bakhale, Chief Commissioner of Railways: "Deeply grieved by the news of accident to No. 10 Dn. Kumaon Express between Bitroi and Kachhla station today. Convey to the injured and the families of those killed my deepest sympathy."

MOBILE BOOKING OFFICE

Facilities For Muslim Refugees

CALCUTTA, April 12 (PTI).

A mobile booking office for the benefit of Muslim evacuees was opened this morning in Beniapukur area.

Since April 5, a number of special trains have been arranged by the West Bengal Government in co-operation with the railway authorities for Muslim passengers up to Banpore from where they cross the border on foot.

Two of the steamers which arrived here recently with East Bengal refugees, on their return journey last night carried about 2,000 Muslim evacuees to East Bengal.

Another steamer chartered by the East Bengal Government is leaving Calcutta for Narayanganj on April 14 carrying Muslim students desirous of proceeding to East Bengal. Arrangements have been made by the University of Dacca to hold special examinations for those Muslim students who were unable to appear at the recent examinations of the Calcutta University.

REDS ARRESTED: Two persons, described by the police as Communists, were arrested in Zoradabad on Tuesday while distributing Communist literature to passengers at the railway station. Their houses were later searched and objectionable literature and incriminating correspondence was alleged to have been recovered.

Books Of Today

(Continued from Page 4)

and their sacrifice throws a floodlight of information on their activities.

Their lives are seen against the background of posterity — the Vande Mataram and Bankim Chatterji, the World's Parliament of Religions and Swami Vivekananda, Rabindranath Tagore and the Nobel Prize ... these and many other facts should interest the younger generation in particular. However what the book seems to lack is complete objectivity and the constant personal interruptions occasionally serve to distract the reader. The essays have been collected from different journals.

Addresses

The shrewd and kindly wit, the lucid thought and the gentle persuasive eloquence of Sri Rajagopalachari are all well known to his countrymen and have placed him in the highest rank of statesmen in this country. The Convocation addresses delivered by him on various occasions spread over a period of twelve years, stand out from among many other utterances for precisely these qualities. "To achieve any result we require clear thinking, free from prejudices of any kind..... Our boys are taken away too soon from things and realities and overwhelmed with symbols... "It is this realistic approach that he advocates as the guiding light of all Universities."

For the rest Rajagopalachari, although a true apostle of the Gandhian gospel does not fail to reveal his own differences of opinion if and when there are any.

Life And Struggle

K. S. Karnath's Kannada novel, translated by Professor A. N. Murthy Rao into English aims to present in the author's own words. "The life and struggles of three generations of my people, who inhabited the beautiful strip of land on the West Coast of India". In the first generation the rich natural beauty of the land acts just as a dumb background, to the deep struggle of the people for existence — an almost primitive condition of life. The advent of western civilisation enticed the young of the second generation to white collared jobs. It is only when the third generation faced the problem of unemployment that a few desperate youngsters turned back to the soil.

However, as one wallows in a world of prodigal sons and virtuous women, of loveless marriages and strange customs, of mortgage and debt, and death and life above all, one, finds the glimpse into the noble lives of the people a bit too dim, and their sufferings a bit removed from the ordinary course of humanity.

The local colour of the West coast of India is fairly well presented and the book ends on a note of hope with Rama, the young son of the house dreaming of having acres ready for planting once again and of leaving the result of his toil to posterity.

Indian State

The story of the consolidation and liquidation of Indian States is one of the marvels of modern Indian history. This silent process which ended with the accession of Hyderabad had its beginning in the tiny province of Orissa. Shri Mahtab, the premier of Orissa gives an authentic story of this in the "Beginning of the End" and what, took place under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. Ten years' story is compressed into this book which is supported by a mass of documents.

Economic Problems

The discussion of current economic affairs and changing conditions in the country and their reprecussions seems to be at the base of this new economic pamphlet drawn up by the Sydenham College group, consisting largely of the members of the staff of the college. Their notes presented in a simple manner further aim at guiding the ordinary man on matters that affect him very deeply.

The present pamphlet makes an attempt to give a review of the budget against the economic state of the country. Production, money, credit, inflation and standards of life, Foreign Trade, Labour, Industry and Transport all come under review. An effort has obviously been made in the selection to ensure that the argument does not run too high over the head of the ordinary citizen.

—P. D.

Seretse's Second Move

LOBATSI, April 12 (PTI-Reuter).—Seretse Khama, exiled Chief-designate of the Bamangwato tribe of Bechuanaland, has made a second written application to the Government to be allowed to see his London-born White wife, Ruth, at Serowe in tribal territory. It was accompanied with a certificate from his wife's doctor stating that in view of Mrs. Khama's state of health —she is expecting in July—it was "imperative" that Seretse should see her at once.

Seretse Khama was exiled because the British Government feared that his marriage to an English girl, which had split the tribe, might cause trouble. He has been forbidden to return to tribal territory, except to gather evidence for an inheritance law suit and to see his wife when she is confined.

PARLIAMENT'S ASSENT TO LOAN TO BURMA

Supplementary Bill To Be Introduced

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 12: Finance Minister Dr. John Matthai proposes to bring before Parliament on Friday a supplementary appropriation Bill in order to secure its approval to Rupees 133 lakhs loan to the Government of Burma, Rupees 50 lakhs advance to the Government of Burma against rice purchases in 1950 and rupees two crores fifty five lakhs for administrative expenditure of Vindhya Pradesh, as Centrally Administered area for the year ending March 31, 1951.

NEW TRADE DEAL WITH JAPAN

Talks Next Month

TOKYO, April 12. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. K K. Chettur, head of the Indian Mission to Japan, told the Osaka Chamber of Commerce that India would be able to import more goods from Japan if she could settle any adverse balance in sterling instead of in dollars, as at present.

The present arrangement, he said, kept down India's trade with Japan because India lakhs dollars. He believed negotiations for a new trade agreement between Japan and the sterling area would start in Tokyo next month when the current agreement ends.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (JULY)

NEW YORK, April 12

Previous closing	32.72
Today's opening	32.68
Difference	—04
Today's closing	32.67
Difference	—05

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, April 12.

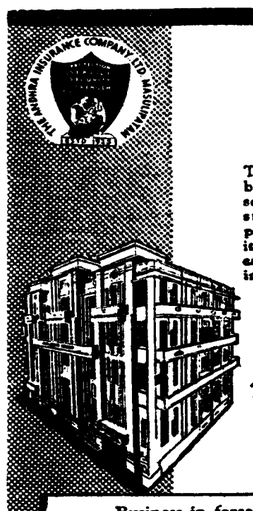
Opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining dol 29
General Motors dol 79 5/8
United States Steel Common dol 32
United States Steel Pref dol 140 1/4

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, April 12

Silver Forward	Rs. 187 0
Gold Forward	115 8
Silver Bullion	187 8
Silver Mint	188 0
Gold Ready	115 14
Sovereign	75 8



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SISTA'S AIN (S) - 3

News BRIEFS

ALL EYES TOWARDS BERNE: Forty British opticians will travel to Berne, Switzerland, next week-end to attend the first International Conference of Ophthalmic Opticians for 12 years.

Delegates from many European countries, the United States, Canada and India will attend the three-day conference at Berne on April 16.

NOMINATION: The leader of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, has nominated Pandit Durga Chand Kaushish and Sardar Jaswant Singh Duggal, M.L.A's to serve on B.B. and C.I. and E.P. Railway Local Advisory Committees respectively.

GUERILLAS: A British Federal Councillor in Malaya, Mr. J. S. Ferguson, suggested on Wednesday that improvement in Guerilla leadership throughout Malaya was probaby due to "new arrivals" whose infiltration has not been effectively checked.

ONE MONTH'S NOTICE: The Hyderabad Government have terminated the services of Mr. K. A. Master, Custodian of Evacuee Property, with one month's notice, it is learnt. Mr. Nagendra Bahadur, Revenue Secretary to Government, took over charge from Mr. Master on Wednesday and he will hold this appointment pending the appointment of a successor.

BURMESE NEW YEAR: Heavy rains competed with Burmese waterthrowers traditionally celebrating in Rangoon on Wednesday the opening of the six-day bank holiday for the Burmese New Year which falls on April 17. Burmese hail the New Year in drenching one another with water The rains brought down the temperature and spoiled the gay street decorations.

NAVAL CHIEF: Vice-Admiral W. E. Parry, Commander-in-Chief, Indian Navy, will leave Delhi for Calcutta on Sunday, April 16. He will stay there for three days and then go to Bhuvneshwar (Orissa). He will visit Chilka Lake on April 20 to 21 and leave for Vizagapatam on Saturday, April 22. After a stay of three days at Vizagapatam, he will return to Delhi on the 25th April.

NEHRU AND PRASAD: President Dr. Rajendra Prasad and the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru, are expected to leave Delhi for Dhanbad on April 21. They will be returning to the capital on April 24. On April 22 the President will declare open the National Fuel Research Institute The Prime Minister is expected to visit coal mining areas.

POSE: Posed as East Bengal refugees, two Marwari women on Tuesday entered the Simla Post Office and on production of documents certifying them to be refugees secured some monetary help from the employees. They spoke Bengali. Later, suspicious of their movement and on an examination, by the Post Master, their documents proved to be false. They were handed over to the police.

DISSOLVED: The Victoria Legislative Assembly (Australia) has been dissolved and elections will take place on May 15. Governor Sir Dallas Brooks dissolved the Assembly at the request of Premier and Liberal leader Thomas Holloway, who claimed that it was unworkable as no party had a clear majority.

REFUGEES: About 570 refugees from Barisal (East Bengal) arrived at Shalimar Ghat (Howrah) by a steamer on Wednesday. They were later taken by train to Salboni camp in Midnapur District.

Two steamers carrying about 1,100 Muslim evacuees left for East Bengal today from Calcutta. Of these steamers "Lushai" carried 600 evacuees to Khulna and "Sindhu" carried about 500 to Barisal.

CLASSIFICATION: The Madhya Pradesh Government has framed rules regarding the treatment and classification of the security prisoners. The rules provide for two classes according to health and status of the prisoners. Amenities will be provided to the prisoners as specified under each class.

RESETTLEMENT: Questions relating to the working of the Employment exchange and the administration of the Labour Minister's technical and vocational training schemes were discussed at a two-day conference of regional Directors of Resettlement and Employment which ended on Wednesday afternoon in New Delhi. Dr N. Das, Director-General of Resettlement and Employment, presided.

SATISFACTION: Sir Syed Sultan Ahmed, former Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, expressing great satisfaction over the successful termination of the Nehru-Liaquat Ali talks resulting in an agreement said in Patna 'Trust begets trust and I hope this agreement will be followed by immediate discussion of other more important and critical matters".

MORE BUTTER: Mr. Maurice Webb, British Minister of Food, announced on Wednesday that the weekly butter ration in Britain was to be increased from four ounces to five per person while the bacon ration was to be reduced from five ounces to four.

BEREAVED: Prince De Ligne, Belgian Ambassador in India, left Delhi on Tuesday for Brussels on account of his mother's death.

The President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, sent the Belgian Ambassador a message of condolence.

MACLEANS
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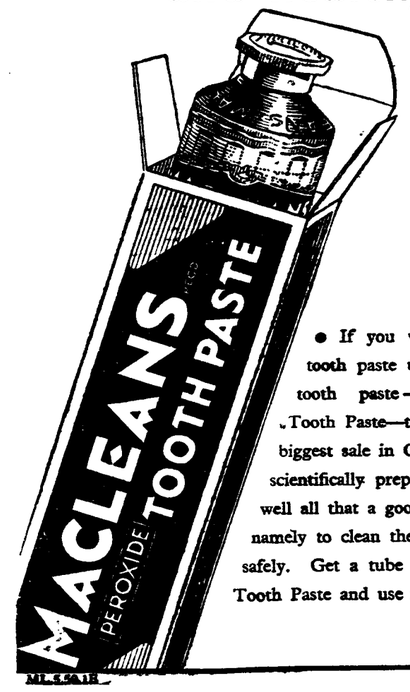
TEETH WHITE
and healthy



● If you want white teeth the tooth paste to get is the Peroxide tooth paste — Macleans Peroxide Tooth Paste—the dentifrice with the biggest sale in Great Britain. This is scientifically prepared to do supremely well all that a good tooth paste can do, namely to clean the teeth thoroughly yet safely. Get a tube of Macleans Peroxide Tooth Paste and use it night and morning.

M.L.C.S.A.18.

Chocolate Babies Win Kashmir Cup

NARROW WIN IN HANDICAP POLO TOURNAMENT FINAL

BOMBAY, April 12.

THE Chocolate Babies won the Kashmir Cup today in the Handicap Polo Tournament conducted by the Amateur Riders Club, by defeating Ambassadors by six goals to five.

In a thrilling encounter, the winners playing with three goals handicap against them produced the winning goal in the last minute through Govind Singh to snatch victory from the Ambassadors.

Keeping a fast pace throughout the Chocolate Babies aided by the two dashing youngsters Bijay Singh and Hari Singh made use of all the chances that came their way.

Sirmoor and Cooch Behar played well for the losers.

Play opened with Bijay Singh making good a stray pass he collected to put his side in the lead. Govind Singh then added one more making use of a thirty yards free hit. Hari Singh dribbled his way through from the midfield and with a perfect shot he put the winners further ahead. Cooch Behar capped a solo effort and at the end of the first chukker the Ambassadors were four goals to the good against Babies three. Sirmoor scored the fifth goal for the losers with a free hit from thirty yards. Hari Singh then with a lofted hit scored one more goal for the Babies and the score was 5/4 at the end of the second chukker.

Bijay Singh equalised by deflecting a ball from close quarters and the score was five all in the final chukker. After the Ambassadors threw away a couple of scoring chances Govind Singh in the last minute produced the winner with a fine backhand flick.

The following were the teams with the handicaps:

THE CHOCOLATE BABIES: T. Uberoi 2, K. Hari Singh 3, K. Bijai Singh 7, Major Govind Singh 1.

THE AMBASSADORS: R. K. Digvijay Singh 1, H. H. Baria 1, H. H. Cooch Behar 3, H. H. Sirmor 0.

GEOFF BROWN ARRIVES

To Play Exhibition Matches At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, April 12 (PTI).

Geoff Brown, Australia's number three tennis player accompanied by his wife arrived in Calcutta this afternoon by air. He will be seen in action on the South Club Lawns on April 13, 14 and 15 when he plays a series of exhibition matches.

He meets Naresh Kumar and K. B. Madan in two singles matches on the first day. On Friday he will play Sumant Misra and Naresh Kumar once again in singles. On Saturday Brown will meet Dilip Bose, India's number one and the Asian champion in singles and will partner Sumant Misra against Dilip Bose and Naresh Kumar in the only doubles event. All the matches will be decided on best of three sets.

CITY AND SUBURBAN HANDICAP

Tsaoko Has Top Weight In 10 Furlong Race

LONDON, April 12 (PTI-Reuter).

The five-year-old Tsaoko, owned by Mr. Habib Rahimtoola, the High Commissioner for Pakistan, is among 15 final acceptors announced today for the City and Suburban Handicap. Tsaoko has topweight for the race which is being run over 10 furlongs at Epsom next Wednesday, April 19.

Acceptors with weights are: Tsaoko 9-0, Hyperbole 8-8, Moondust 8-8, Iron Duke 8-7, Perisope the Third 8-7, Roc Du Diable 8-5, Burn Brown 8-5, Refund 8-0, Witton 7-10, Jacobite 7-7, Burnt Grass 7-6, Big Wig 7-3, Laverstoke 7-3, The Job 7-1, Valignus 7-1.

SECOND DIVISION HARWOOD LEAGUE

Entries Close On April 25.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Second Division of the Harwood League which is played at St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel is due to commence on the First of May. Entries will be received upto April 25 and should be forwarded to Mr. Jos. Gonsalves, Cordeiro House, Parel.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Bombay Gymkhana Ground:

4-20 p.m. Goan Sports vs. Hyderabad.

5-40 p.m. Lusitanians vs. New Star Delhi. (Aga Khan Cup).

FOOTBALL

Cooperage:

5-40 p.m. Tata S. C. vs. Matunga A. A., (Nadkarni Cup).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel:

3-40 p.m. A. S. School vs. Antonio da Silva.

4-40 p.m. St. Xavier's High School vs. Don Bosco

5-40 p.m. Airport Sports vs. Indian Airforce Sports, (Junior Harwood League).

CITY TROUNCED BY RASHIDS'

Nadkarni Cup Football Tourney

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Rashid's XI last years light footed soccerites found little opposition in Bombay City "A" in the Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament and beat them by five goals to one at the Cooperage this evening.

Rashid's XI started off in flashy style and were storming their opponents goal from the commencement but wasted many chances in the first few minutes due to some fancy play on the part of their over-confident forwards.

However, in the seventh minute following a spell of fast passing by the inner trio which kept the City defence standing, Urgesh placed a neat shot at the top of the net beating the competent costodian McGrady.

The city tried to fight back but Rashid's defence held them at bay; towards the end of the initial half, however, Gasper ran down the line to put across a capital centre which Aricknathan stylisnly and with an air of dramatism edged it back into play when he could have held it. Ireland stepped in to bang the leather past a prostrate goalkeeper. Bombay City were lucky to cross over on even terms.

Rashid's eleven were spurred on to fly into the lead again on resumption and attacked with renewed pressure, but it was again their frills that came between them and their scoring. The city however, could not hold out the quick footed Pursram who made up for his former lapses by netting from close in leaving the entire defence guessing.

Two more goals followed in quick succession, Rashid's forwards treating the City defenders like nine pins made circles round them and left them standing like statues. Urgesh found himself in possession twice with only the goalie to beat and he made the most of the chances.

After the fourth goal was chalked up for Rashids they delighted themselves in carefree football and when the end was drawing near Urgesh accepted a pass from Pursram and placed the ball neatly past a bewildered custodian to register the seasons first hat-trick.

The teams:—

RASHID'S XI Aricknathan; Govind, Parsad; Raphael, Shanker, Hussein; Janki, Das, Urgesh, Kuppuswamy, Pursram

BOMBAY CITY 'A':—McGready; Norris, Roberts; H D'Souza, Poonawalla, Chone; Gardner, Gasper, Robertson, Ireland, Ledlie.

Referee:—T. S. Mani.

AHMED SAILOR H. S. CREATE A RECORD

Win Schools Volleyball Sixth Year Running

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Ahmed Sailor High School—the reigning Champions once more triumphed over Anjuman-I-Islam High School in the Final of Master's Memorial Inter-School Volleyball Cup Tournament and won the Cup for the sixth year in succession—a record in the history of Inter-School Volleyball Tournament—today on the Anjuman-I-Islam High School Ground.

The result was:—

Ahmed Sailor H. S. beat Anjuman-I-Islam H. S. 15-4, 15-12.

JUNIOR HARWOOD LEAGUE FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A.C.C. Sports experienced some difficulty in gaining full points against Sandoz Sports Club in the Fourth Division of the Harwood Football League now being played at Parel. A.C.C. Sports won by the odd goal in three. Ramesh and Powar scored for the winners, while Berger scored for the losers.

In the same division Twinkle Stars were forced to share points with Mazagoan Docks "B" both sides scoring one each. Ibrahim scored for the former and Lobo for the latter.

In the Fifth Division which is confined to schools St. Andrew's High School got the better of South Indian Education Society's School by two goals to one. Stephen D'Souza scored for the winners both their goals while Victor reduced the margin.

Kirkee Team In Semi-Final Of Madras Gold Cup

COONOOR, April 11, (PTI): Brothers Club, Kirkee yesterday qualified for the semi-final in the Madras Regiment Gold Cup Hockey Tournament by defeating South Indian Railway Institute, Madura, by two goals to one.

The Kirkee team had the better of the exchanges, possessed excellent combination and exhibited masterly passing. Madura lacked co-ordination and missed several easy chances of scoring.

UNDER-WATER RYTHMICS

The fine exhibition of diving and Water Ballet at the Golwalla baths by the Crazy Lagoon are attracting appreciative audiences. The picture on the left shows the Ballerinas in rhythmic motion in the figure ballet and the picture on the right shows the Javelins about to do well timed triple dive.

EAST PUNJAB TROUNCE LOCAL POLICEMEN

Balbir Scores Four Goals In Succession

EAST PUNJAB POLICE 5 (BALBIR 4, UDHAM 1). G. B. POLICE 0.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

EAST PUNJAB POLICE the holders of the Aga Khan Cup, entered the third round of the tournament with a sedate victory over Greater Bombay Police this evening at the Bombay Gymkhana Ground winning by five goals to nothing. East Punjab Police now meet the winners of the Lusitanians and New Star Delhi encounter.

This evening's game provided Balbir Singh with an opportunity to show his prowess as one of India's grand goalgetters. He scored four of the five goals and had the distinction of scoring them in succesion.

The Punjab side played their usual hard hitting game and today combined well. Their defenders were seen to tackle first time and very rarely held on to the ball—an object lesson to Bombay's full-backs. Their forwards excelled but took things rather lightly. Ram Swaroop and Udham combined well with Balbir to provide the openings.

For the local force the forwards had no pep in them while the tired defence which was subjected to very heavy pressure gave in after an early stubborn defence. Agre, Miranda and Dias were outstanding. Agre marred his performance with some dangerous and rough play.

It was quite a relief to see the local Police side swamp into Punjab's goal area keeping up the pressure in the early stages. A cross hit by Agre passed dangerously across the goalmouth. But East Punjab were seen to concentrate today on shock raids. One such raid may have resulted in a goal had Mendonza not anticipated well and come out to tackle the wily Balbir who almost scored.

UMPIRES IN THE ALERT

It must be said that at quite an early stage both umpires were destined to keep a strict vigil on the rival police hard hitters and dangerous players. Though no warning was served, still fouls and obstructions were very carefully scrutinized for possible penalization.

The City Police were given two good openings in the fifteen minutes both being clever pieces of work on the right flank Leo Vaz centred. Nagarwalla failed to score with a sitter and on the second occasion Nagarwalla hit Vaz's pass right across goalmouth.

Transferring play East Punjab earned a penalty corner which produced results, Trilochan Singh scoring with a powerful shot opened his side's account in the seventeenth minute of play.

East Punjab would have gone further into the lead when Kirpal Singh raced down into the local side's goal area and was only prevented by Mendonca, the G. B. Police custodian who rushed right to the top of the circle and came out to stop free hit being penalized with a short corner which proved in vain.

Seven minutes later Balbir Singh put East Punjab further ahead when he pushed a rebound from the hands of Mendonca. Actually what happened was: Udham Singh scooped into the goal and Mendonca affected a grand save with his hand but Balbir lying right in front of him pushed the rebound with reverse flick.

Three minutes later Balbir Singh from close in netted his side's third goal when he accepted a fine pass from Ram Swaroop, the right outer who put in a spirited spurt to get hold of the ball near the goalline, a few seconds before the breather.

Five minutes after resumption Balbir showed what a grand goalgetter he is, when he connected a rising pass from Itfaq, the right-inner giving Mendonca no chance whatsoever, thus performing the hat-trick and registering his side's fourth goal.

The G.B. Police raced down at the other end and very nearly came within scoring, but Sat Pal saved well from Lazarus, Abbas getting hold of the ball lifted it over the post, and was hauled up for sticks.

A similar incident occurred in the G. B. Police goalarea when Balbir Singh passed to Udham but Udham swung and lifted the ball over the goal and was also hauled up for sticks.

The City Police goal area was now under pressure and the defence was having a rough time. Agre was wont to be dangerous, but earned no displeasure from the umpire Joseph. Soon Lazarus attempted a swing from the wrong side, and got a warning from Joseph.

East Punjab towards the close of play earned a penalty bully goal which Balbir Singh took. Balbir Singh was badly fouled by Hamid when he put his stick in and dropped Balbir. Taking the bully with Balbir, Amin missed the first time to strike thrice and repeated the same again, the umpire straight away awarded a goal.

The teams:

EAST PUNJAB POLICE: Sat Pal; Trilochan Singh, Dharam Singh, Bakshish Singh, Gurcharan Singh, Dadoo; Swarup, Itfaq, Balbir Singh, Udham Singh, Kirpal Singh.

GREATER BOMBAY POLICE: Mendoza; Dias, Hamid; Agre, Miranda, D'Souza; Leo Vaz, J. Nagarwalla, Lazarus, Tambe, Abbas.

UMPIRES: Zelio DaSilva and M. S. Joseph.

BOMBAY POLICE BOXING

The boxing tournament being arranged by the Bombay Police at the Head Police Office Compound on Saturday the 15th April will be held at 8-30 p.m. instead of at 5 p.m. as originally stated.

The majority of the bouts will be contested between Constables of the Force, but there will be at least six special contests on the bill in which well-known local boxers will be in opposition. Havildars Janardan and Kelkar will be meeting selected opponents.

The weigh-in for the boxing and medical examination will take place at the Police Club at 6-15 p.m. on Friday the 14th April.

Any boxers willing to box should present themselves at the weigh-in.

Winners and losers will be presented with silver and bronze medals bearing the Police crest.

CUSTOMS MAY WIN LEAGUE

Mohun Bagan Also In The Running

CALCUTTA, April 12 (P.T.I.): The following are today's First Division Hockey League match results:—

Bhowanipur 9 Customs 0, Armenians 1 Greer 1, Measurers 5 B. G. Press 1.

Bhowanipur's chances of staging a last-ditch fight for First Division Hockey League 'honours vanished this evening when they were forced to share points with Customs, who became favourites with Mohun Bagan for the championship.

Bhowanipur have now thirtyone points with one more match in hand which will not improve their position very much even if they won it. Customs have also got thirty-one points with two more matches to play, while Mohun Bagan with thirty points and with two games yet to play may fight for the leadership to the very teeth of it. The Punjab Sports Club, like Bhowanipur are also almost out of the picture having played all their nineteen matches and collecting thirty-two points the most importance game of the league will come off on Saturday, April 15, when Customs are scheduled to meet Mohun Bagan. The match ending in draw will bring credit to the Customs, but in order to emerge champions Mohun Bagan must force the issue in their favour, even if they draw with the Port Commissioners in the other match.

HYDERABAD WIN AT LAST

Madras United Club Football Final

MADRAS, April 12 (P.T.I.): The Hyderabad Football Association Eleven today triumphed in the twice replayed final of the Madras United Club Football Tournament here beating T. V. S Sports Club, Madura, by one goal to nil.

Inside left Sussay (Jr.) scored the all-important goal in the eight minute of the first half.

The winners completely outlayed the Madura side but their poor finishing deprived them of victory by a more convincing margin.

Hyderabad started pressing from the kick-off. In the eighth minute Sussay (Jr.) collected a pass from Moin and essayed a feeble shot at the Madura goal; The T. V. S. custodian wrongly anticipating the direction of the shot allowed the ball into the net.

Spurred on by this unexpected lead, the Hyderabad side attacked still more vigoroursly but the T. V. S. goal escaped further damage during the first session.

The second half was a repetition of the initial period, but bearing, as it were, a charmed life, the T. V. S. goal was not again pierced.

The teams were as follows:

HYDERABAD FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION XI: Errayya; Aziz, Azam, Patrick, Shaik Jamal, Noor; Laik, Sussay (Sr.), Moin, Sussay (Jr.), Mahmood.

T. V. S. SPORTS CLUB, MADURA: Ramaswamy; Raja Elu, Mani, Anthony, Alagiriswamy, Thagaiuddin; Rajaram, Nathaniel, Thangaraj, Arumugam, Bastin.

STUDENTS PROTEST IN TURKEY

Demand For National Day Of Mourning

ANKARA, April 11. (PTI-Reuter): Police patrolled the streets tonight after student demonstrations demanding that Wednesday be observed as a day of national mourning for Marshal Fevzi Chakmak former Chief of the Turkish General Staff who died yesterday.

A national funeral had been planned, but not a day of mourning.

During the demonstrations national flags were hoisted at half mast, cinemas and restaurants were closed, and the sale of spirits forbidden. Police detained thirty people, but later released some of them.

Strong Up-Country Entries For Beighton Cup Hockey

CALCUTTA, April 12.

Fortyone teams have finally entered for the Beighton Cup Hockey Tournament, the ties for which were drawn today.

The Tata Sports Club, Bombay (Holders), the Lusitanians (Bombay League Champions), the Punjab Police (Aga Khan Cup holders and almost the same team that won the National Hockey Championships in 1949 and this year). The Uttar Pradesh State Team and Bhopal Wanderers are some of the prominent entrants.

Bhawanipur, Mohun Bagan, Tata Sports Club, Bhopal Wanderers, Bangalore Sporting Club, Mysore and Sikh Regimental Centre, Ambala have been seeded in the top half of the 'draw' while Port Commissioners, Calcutta, Delhi Hockey Association, Punjab Sports, Lusitanians and Uttar Pradesh are the seeded teams in the bottom half.

The tournament starts on April 17. The following is the draw:—

FIRST ROUND: 1. Swastik Sports Club, Rajnandangaon, vs. Chinsurah Woodburn. 2. Greer Sporting vs. St. Josephs. 3. Rajasthan vs. Armed Police Brigade, Barrackpore. 4. Bhawanipur vs. Manipur Hockey Club, Imphal. 5. Young Men's Association, Berhampore, vs. West Bengal Government Press. 6. Kalighat vs. East Bengal. 7. Mohun Bagan vs. B. N. Railway, Kharagpur. 8. Kulti Pioneers vs. Adibasis Club, Calcutta. 9. Jamalpur Sporting Association vs. Collegians. 10. Rangers vs. East Indian Railway. 11. Port Commissioners vs. Calcutta Football Club. 12. Police Athletic Club vs. Chotanagpur Sports Club, Jamshedpur. 13. Dalhousie vs. Town Club, Gorakhpur. 14. Bengal Engineering College vs. Customs. 15. Sporting Club, Cadra vs. Parsi. 16. Armenians vs. Measurers.

SECOND ROUND: A. Winners of 1 vs. Winners of 2; B. Winners of 3 vs. Winners of 4; C. Winners of 5 vs. Winners of 6; D. Winners of 7 vs. Winners of 8; E. Winners of 9 vs. Winners of 10; F. Winners of 11 vs. Winners of 12; G. Winners of 13 vs. Winners of 14; H. Winners of 15 vs. Winners of 16; I. Delhi Hockey Association vs. Punjab Sports.

THIRD ROUND: Tata Sports vs. Winners of A; Bhopal Wanderers vs. Winners of B; Bangalore Sporting vs. Winners of C; Sikh Regimental Centre vs. Winners of D; Punjab Police vs. Winners of E; Lusitanians vs. Winners of F, Uttar Pradesh vs. Winners of G; Winners of H vs. Winners of I.

RONNIE CLAYTON OUT-POINTED

Former British Champ Stages Come-back

LONDON, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): Al Phillips of London, former British Empire and European featherweight champion, tonight out-pointed Ronnie Clayton, the British and Empire title-holder, over ten rounds at the Empress Hall here and jumped right back as challenger for Clayton's titles.

The fight, at 128 pounds, was an overweight match.

Phillips, who los his titles to Clayton 2-1/2 years years ago, boxed at the top of his form tonight. He was generally boxing on the retreat, but kept his left-hand working superbly throughout.

He showed signs of being leg-weary in the last round, but scored with a succession of left jabs to the face which drew blood from Clayton's nose.

He did more scoring on the retreat than Clayton did in attack, and boxed at long range with superb coolness, in contrast to the fiery style which gained him the nickname of "Tiger" in the early days of the war.

ABSOLUTE BAN ON TELEVISIONS

Britain's Sports Promotors Threaten

LONDON, April 11. (PTI-Reuter): Britain's sports promotors tonight threatened an absolute ban on televisions of all sports events, if their demands for copyright protection are not given immediate consideration by the British Broadcasting Corporation.

Sir Arthur Elvin, Chairman of the Giant Wembley Stadium Limited, the arena where the 1948 Olympic Games were held, said the "ultimatum" followed a secret meeting of the Association for the protection of copyright in sport in London two weeks ago.

At this meeting Mr K. E Shelley, counsel to the Performing Rights Society for twenty years, proposed banning television of all sports and "turning the heat on parliament" to get copyright on sporting events.

Raising Living Standards In Underdeveloped Areas

LARGE-SCALE FINANCIAL AID NOT ENOUGH, SAYS Mc GHEE

WASHINGTON, APRIL 11, (PTI-REUTER): MR. GEORGE MCGHEE, UNITED STATES ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR NEAR EAST AND AFRICAN AFFAIRS, SAID HERE TONIGHT IT WAS UNLIKELY THAT LARGE-SCALE FINANCIAL AID COULD RAISE THE LIVING STANDARDS OF THEE WORLD'S UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS.

In a speech before the Foreign Policy Association Mr. McGhee said; "Our post-war programme of aid to Europe has perhaps given us and other nations too much confidence in the efficacy of financial assistance Unfortunately, there is no assurance that the same type of assistance in the underdeveloped countries could achieve a result comparable to that obtained in Western Europe

"We are discovering that there are limits to what American dollars can do to assist other nations, even where expenditures are effectively administered There are many reasons for this—the lack of basic surveys by competent specialist, the lack of skilled technicians, limitations of internal financial resources, and deficiencies in local administrative experience."

Means must be found to attract private investment capital to underdeveloped countries if large-scale development is to be achieved, he said, and Governments of under-developed countries would have to create a favourable climate for foreign investment.

Mr. McGhee said the United States had no desire to impose its assistance where it was not wanted or to make assistance dependent on the acceptance of America's idea of democracy

"While we will continue to encourage free enterprise wherever its operation is feasible, we must be aware that it cannot be offered as a panacea for all economic ill. So we cannot offer the underdeveloped areas a quick and easy road to a standard of living comparable to ours."

CHARGE AGAINST ASSAM

Santhanam Expresses Regret

NEW DELHI, April 12 (UPI): The Minister of State of Transport and Railways, Mr K. Santhanam expressed regret on the floor of Parliament to-day for his statement in the House on March 15 1950 that "Assam is specializing in wasting public funds without gaining any benefit to itself."

Replying to a short notice question by Mr. S. N. Burggohain, Mr. K. Santhanam said the Assam Government took exception to his statement and Mr. J. S. M. Nichols-Roy, Minister of Assam, wrote on March 18 regarding the statement referred to saying that "the whole Ministry here is feeling very uncomfortable on account of this and they have asked me to send this telegram.' Other protests were also received by the Minister for Transport and the Prime Minister.

He said on March 21, he replied to Mr. Nichols-Roy saying, "I only meant to say that the Assam Government inspite of their experience regarding the Shillong-Hatlong-Chauraibari road, made the same mistakes regarding the Chauraibari-Agartala road I had not the remotest intention to cast any general reflection on the Assam Government. I appreciate, however, that the sentence is liable to be misunderstood as casting a general reflection. I should have been more careful and wish to express my regret for the sentence to which you have taken legitimate objection."

Mr. Santhanam said he had no intention to "embarrass the Assam Government in any manner whatsoever but as charges were made that the Government of India were not helpful in the matter of road development in Assam, I felt impelled to express my disappointment that the State of Assam had not obtained the fullest benefit from the large sums which the Central Government had made available for that purpose."

DEFENCE EMPLOYEES' GRIEVANCES

Jayaprakash To Discuss Issue At Delhi

POONA, April 12 (UPI): A deputation led by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, President of the All-India Defence Services (Civilian) Employees' Federation, will confer with the Ministry of Defence at New Delhi on April 17.

The deputation will discuss with the Ministry the grievances of over two lakhs of civilians engaged in various defence establishments in India, and try to seek redress of those grievances. Problems arising out of retrenchment and the demand for rationalisation of pay-scales will figure prominently during the discussion, it is learnt.

It may be recalled that the annual convention of the All-India Civilian Employees' Federation, held recently at Kirkee under the presentship of Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, had adopted several resolutions detailing the grievances of the defence employees, and it was decided at the time that a strike ballot be taken if satisfactory redress of those grievances was not obtained

READY TO RISK UNPOPULARITY

Greek Governments Plan For Reconstruction

ATHENS, April 11 (PTI-Reuter): The Greek Government is prepared to carry out unpopular measures if they are necessary for the country's reconstruction, Liberal Prime Minister Sophacles Venizelos said today.

He declared a wage freeze until the end of June and praised there would be no increase in the prices of controlled commodities.

The Prime Minister called on ministers to make strict economies to gain funds for reconstruction.

CUT NO TREES!

RAJKOT, April 12 (PTI): With a view to preventing destruction of 'green' trees the Government of Saurashtra has authorised mamlatdars to fine persons destroying such trees upto ten times the price of the tree or Rs. 50. whichever is greater.

In order, however, to make available wood to cultivators for agricultural purposes, permission will be given after due inquiry by the Talatis of the area concerned.

Italian Soccer Team To Visit India

LUCKNOW, April 12 (PTI).

The Italian Football Team which is visiting India this Summer and a selected All-India Football team has been invited by the U.P. Sports Control Board to play exhibition matches at Allahabad, Kanpur and Lucknow, it is learnt.

It is also learned that the Inter-Provincial Football Tournament for the selection of an All-India Football team to participate in the World Cup Football Tournament at Brazil in June 1950 will be held at Calcutta in May.

INCREASED BUYING IN STEELS AFTER EARLY DROP

Cotton Mill Shares Rule Quiet

BOMBAY, April 12.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened steady but under renewed selling prices declined. But the early drop attracted better support and some short covering in Tata Steel Shares which recovered the lost ground but Cotton Mill Shares displayed poor rallying, power. There was fresh development to move the market from the present level.

Tata Steel Defds opened unchanged at Rs. 1620 and declined at Rs. 1610 under renewed selling but advanced at Rs. 1622/8 on short covering and some buying support from interested operators. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 320 and after declining at Rs. 318 rallied at Rs. 320, Indian Irons opened at Rs. 28/7 and after declining at Rs. 28/6 advanced at Rs. 28/11 and steadied at Rs. 28/9. Bengal Steels opened at Rs. 20 and after declining at Rs. 19/12 steadied at Rs. 19/14.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1007/8 and under increased selling pressure declined at Rs. 992/8 but recovered at Rs. 997/8 on short covering. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 311 and steadied around Rs. 310.

Bombay Burmas opened at Rs 455 and after declining at Rs. 450 improved at Rs. 453/12. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 12/15 and after declining at Rs. 12/13. Steadied at Rs. 12/14. Scindia 4 1/2 per cent debentures were done at Rs. 97.

Central India Shares were placed at Rs. 233/12 and Gokaks were done at Rs. 250 Simplex Shares came in business at Rs. 192 while Svadeshi Mill Shares were done at Rs. 266/12.

Associated Cements were placed at Rs. 152/8 and Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 222/8. Central Bank Shares changed hands at Rs. 80.

Towards the close there was increased buying and Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1627/8 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 321. Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 1000 and Kohinoors were done at Rs. 312. Closing tone was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES		
Bombay Dyeing (27-8) XD	1002	8
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	312	0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	268	0
Central India Mills (6)	234	0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	193	0
New Great Eastern (8)	144	0
Indore (8-13)	110	0
Gokak Mills (12) XD	250	8
Century Spinning (15)	242	8
Indian Bleaching (6)	152	0
Swan Mills (20)	322	8
Finlay Mills (15)	259	0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	153	0
Edward Sassoon (30)	228	12
Meyer (12)	88	12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	14 6
India United Ord. (0-14-9)	11	15
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1	14
Madhusudan (15)	180	)
Podar (S)	131	0
Khatau Makanji (6)	156	4
Swadeshi Coupon	68	)
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	322	0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1632	8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-12)	140	8
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (7) XD	153	0
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8) XD	457	8
Belapur Sugar (9)	224	8
Shivrajpur (1-8)	31	0
Scindia Steam (6-8)	13	0
Premier Construction	91	12
Tata Chemical	11	2
Tata Oil (2)	46	8
Indian Iron (0-12)	28	12
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	20	2
British India Corp. (0-9)	8	10 6
Indian Copper	2	4
Wimco	225	0
Alcock	327	8
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Hydro (3) XD	151	0
Andhra Valley (30)	1440	0
Tata Power (25)	1547	8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone (5)	59	0
Phoenix (50)	152	8
Indian Mfg (40)	2950	)
Kurla XD	116	4
Colaba (12)	101	0
New City (11)	172	)
Minerva (12)	130	0
Bradbury (12)	520	0
Bharucha Defd. (0.4)	4	4
Bharat Mills (2)	29	)
Mysore (4)	160	10
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14	4
Model Mills (13-8)	158	12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	1616	4
Vishnu Cotton (8)	212	8
Western India (40)	2925	)
Standard (15)	227	5
Sholapur (200)	3150	)
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	18	)
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000	)
Tata Mills (2-4)	51	0
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240	)
New Ahmedabad	195	)
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	35	)
New Union Mills (0-8)	18	6
Madhusudan S. (2-5)	35	)
Shrinivas Mills (S)	173	12
Raja Bahadur (4)	54	0
Berar Mills	260	0
Victoria Mills	225	0
ELECTRIC (CASH)		
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8) XD	126	4
Ahmedabad New XD	99	0
Surat Electric	133	12
Karachi Electric (2)	135	)
Broach (0-5)	6	2
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	2
Amalgamated	11	1
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28	8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	136	4
Bombay Suburban (8)	150	14
Bombay Suburban New	145	0
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India	1780	0
Imperial Bank P. (0-12)	437	8
Central Bank XD	80	4
Central Bank New (1-8)	83	8
Bank of India (4)	166	0
Union (0-3)	7	12
Baroda (2-3)	120	8
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37	8
United Commercial (1-2)	45	4
Jaipur Bank (18-0)	35	8
Hindustan Commercial	17	0
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Eastern Bank (0.14-9)	92	)
INSURANCE SHARES		
Oriental (125)	4720	0
Empire (10)	571	4
New India (1-7)	58	8
Jupiter (0-12)	12	14
Vulcan (0-10)	12	14
Indian Mercantile (0-4)	39	0
Universal	11	4
BIG (1)	17	0
Industrial and Prudential	28	4
Neptune	7	0
All India General	12	12
New Great	25	0

RAILWAY SHARES		
C. P. (1-14) XD	112	0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Steamer (10)	230	0
Bombay Burma New (5)	155	0
Burma Petrol	1	5 3
Mackenzie (6)	97	0
Port Canning (3)	58	8
Kemp and Co. (20)	300	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125	0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	94	8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	47	0
Mukund Iron	4	4
Dena Trust (0-12)	14	0
Alembic (15)	46	4
Supreme Industries	72	8
Bombay Uganda	67	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	22	8
Indian Cement (1937)	19	0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	153	12
United Motor	28	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	775	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahamadi Steam	100	)
Gujarat Motor	26	14
Sardar Carbonic XD	700	)
Harvey Press	310	)
Estrella Batteries	30	0
National Rayon	48	4
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	200	0
Andhra Valley (7)	125	8
Tata Power (7-8)	1345	0
Hydro Electric (7) XD	125	0
Bombay Steamer (6)	223	12
Central India (5)	653	12
Swedish Mills	130	0
Vishnu Mills (7)	672	8
Laxmi	276	4
New Great Mills (5-8)	220	4
Podar Mills (4)	95	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106	14
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316	0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	130	0
Pre. Construction First	100	0
Pre Construction 2nd Pref	98	0
Amalgamated	115	0
India	72	0
Tata Chemical	125	0
Walchandnagar	130	)
Jupiter	13	4
Supreme	100	)
Meyer	102	8
Mackenzie First	85	)
Mackenzie (2)	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	127	8
Mysore Mill	41	)
Standard	99	0
Madhusudan	12	0
Khatau	100	0
Morarji	94	8
National Rayon	69	8
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952	103	0
Gua Kajamsingh	8	9
Rubber Planting	17	0
Bombay Steamer	97	0
Indian Hume Pipe	101	0
Scindia	97	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchandnagar	105	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	13
New Victoria	2	0
New Victoria Pref.	4	4
Phalton	92	0
Gold Mohor	305	0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	325	)
Sajjan X.R. C.D.	110	0
Osmanshahi X.R. C.D.	125	0
Ajam Shahi	130	0
Air Service	4	4
Air India	57	0
Hind Motors	5	0
India Steam	6	12

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, April 12.

Apollo 2-14 2-14-6
Bharat 29
B. Dyeing 1008-12 993-12 1002-8
C. India 235-8 33 34
C. India Pref. 635
Century 245 42-8
Colaba 101
Finlay 259
Gokak 252 48 50-8
I.U. Defd. 1-14
I.U. Ord. 11-13-6 11-15
Indore 111-4 8-12 10
Khatau 156-4
Kohinoor 311-8 9-8 12
Laxmi 618-12 16-4
New Union 18-2 18-6
Mysore 160 60-10
Simplex 193 91 93
Svadeshi 268-8 65-8 68
Tata Mills 51
Vishnu 212-8
B. Steam 230
Scindia 12-15-6 12-14 13
Baroda 120-8
Central 80-8 79-8 80-4
Central New 83-8
Imperial Old 1777-8 80
Imperial New 437-8
India 166
U. Commercial 44-12 45-4
Ahmedabad 126-14 26-4
Andhra 1440
Suburban 151-4
Hydro 151 (Ex-Div).
Hydro Pref. 125 (Ex-Div).
Power 1550 47-8
New India 58-8 58-4 59-4 58-8
B. Steel 19-14 20-2
I. Iron 28-7 28-13 28-12
Tata Defd 1622-8 12-8 32-8
Tata Ord. 321 18 22
Tata 1st Pref. 200
Tata 2nd Pref. 140-8
Alcock 328-12 21-4 27-8
A.C.C. 152-12 52 53
Belapur 223-8 21-8 24-8
B. B. Old 456-4 48-12 60 57-8
B. B. New 156-4 52-8 55
B. B. Petrol 1-5-6 1-6-3
B.I.C. 8-10-6
I. Bleaching 152
I. Copper 2-4-3 2-4
P. Construction 92 90 92 91-12
Shivrajpur 30 31
Tata Chem. 11-1 11-2
Tata Pref. 124-6
Tata Oil 47 46-8
Wimco 226-4 25
SPECIAL—
Ahmedabad Elec New 99-12 99
Mukund Iron 4-4

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, April 12.

The local bullion market was very steady today on renewed buying by professional operators on Silver. It was said in the market that a big operator is going to court against the decision of the Board.

At the opening Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 185/14 and sharply advanced at Rs. 186/8 on active professional buying and short covering Ready Mint Silver was quoted at a premium of rupee one at Rs. 187/8. Forward Gold opened at Rs 115/7 and after advancing at Rs. 115/11 steadied at Rs. 115/9. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 116/1 and Sovereigns were priced at Rs. 76.

Final quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	.....	187 10	0
Forward	.....	186 14	0
Ready Gold	.....	116 0	0
Forward	.....	115 8	0
Sovereigns	.....	75 12	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, April 12.

The produce market was quiet with poor demand. Kathiawar advices were easy and prices in the local market declined as under:—

GROUNDNUTS			
Khandesh Quality Ready	42	0	0
Madras Coromandal	41	14	0
Bold Ready	41	0	0
Oil Bombay Mills	22	12	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	22	1	0
Oil April delivery	22	1	0
Oil May	22	10	0
LINSEED			
Gold Ready	36	14	0
Small Satna	36	2	0
April-May	36	13	0
Oil	21	4	0
CASTORSEEDS			
Castorseeds Ready	27	0	0
Madras May	27	11	0

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, April 11.

KARNAK:	
May	79.60—05
July	80.30+35
November	73.80—05
ASHMOUNI:	
April	97.00+360
June	97.60+330
August	89.50+325
October	64.40+130

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, April 12.

2 1/2 per cent 1954		94 14	)
2 1/2 per cent 1950		100 0	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955		99 14	)
2 1/2 per cent 1961		97 1	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950		99 9	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962		99 4	0
2 3/4 per cent 1973		95 12	)
2 per cent Con.		97 0	0
3 per cent 1951-54		101 3	0
3 per cent 1952-55		101 10	0
3 per cent 1953		101 9	)
3 per cent 1950-51		101 5	0
3 per cent 1963-65		100 6	)
3 per cent 1966-68		100 2	0
3 per cent 1970-75		100 0	0
2 1/2 per cent 1954-59		104 6	0
3 1/2 per cent 1950-70		110 2	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55		100 12	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60		110 6	)
4 1/2 per cent 1953-56		112 10	)
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
3 per cent Bombay 1962		99 5	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961		97 4	0
3 3/4 per cent Madras 1981		97 2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955		100 8	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958		100 4	)
3 per cent Punjab 1952		100 0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53		100 8	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952		100 6	)
3 per cent U. P. 1952		100 6	)
3 per cent N. W. F. 1952		98 2	)
3 per cent U. P. 1901-68		99 8	)
3 1/4 per cent Municipals 1977		98 9	0
4 per cent B.P.I. long dated		110 0	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni		109 12	)
per cent Bombay Muni 1959		113 8	0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1950		113	)

Currency Circulation In Pakistan

KARACHI, April 12 (PTI-Reuter).—The total amount of Pakistan currency notes in circulation was Rs. 183.68 crores on February 12, 1950, the Finance Minister Mr. Ghulam Mohammed told Mr. Nur Ahmed in an oral reply in Parliament today.

No Indian currency note was in circulation in February 1950, as Indian currency notes had ceased to be legal tender in Pakistan after September 30, 1949, he added.

There was an expansion of currency to the tune of Rs. 5 crores during November-December 1949, to meet the seasonal demand for notes to finance crops, the Finance Minister continued.

The measures taken to keep currency under control with a view to preventing inflationary tendency in Pakistan were balanced budgets and mopping up of surplus funds by flotation of loans and investments in small savings scheme.

"Inflationary tendencies have been kept in check", Mr. Ghulam Mohammed said.

SILVER AT RS. 187/4.

In view of the grant of injunction restraining the Bullion Association from enforcing the margin resolution, the Board of the Bullion Exchange has decided to suspend margin call at the meeting held on Wednesday. This news pushed up Silver at Rs. 187/4.

INDIAN EXPORTS TO CEYLON

BOMBAY, Wednesday (PTI): Exports from India to Ceylon for the twelve months ended December 1949 totalled Rs. 15,25,53,913, according to the Ceylon Government statistics available today.

Imports into India from Ceylon for the full year 1949 amounted to Rs. 2,03,79,827 as against Rs. 1,99,69,059 for the year previous.

According to the Indo-Ceylon Agreement of October last, the schedule of articles of export to Ceylon consists of 25 commodities including coal, fire bricks, steel, cotton yarn, cotton piecegoods, linseed oil, and onions.

In the reverse direction, the main commodities are copra and coconut oil, rubber, cinnamon leaf oil, and unmanufactured tobacco.

Calcutta Stock Exchange Displays Firm Tone

CALCUTTA, April 12, (PTI): The market ruled firm for the more speculative stocks. In sympathy with Indian Irons jute and coal shares also ruled firm. Government Securities were unchanged.

Following are today's final transactions upto 3 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Government Paper 96/15. Three per cent Loan 1986 97/2, Three per cent Loan 1957 101/5 small lot, Three per cent Loan 1951/54 101 small lot, Three per cent Loan 1963/65 100/5 small lot, Three per cent Loan 1966/68 100/4 small lots.

BANKS: Bengal Central 7/12, Cum. Div. Bharat 2/12 odd lots.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 10, Elgin Mills 16/2, Kesoram 18/2.

COALLS: Amalgamated 27/6, Central India 5/1, Burrakur 13/6, Churulia 5/10, Equitable 46, Dhemo Main 16/6, Nazira 8/14, New Beerbhoom 16/2, Pench Valley 23/8, South Karanpura 26/12, Talcher 2/14, Western Bengal 5/3.

JUTES: Alliance 140, Auckland 121, Barnagore 204, Champdany 171, Bally 203, Gouripore 430, India 153, Hawran 27/6, Kinnison 187 small lot, National 22/4, Presidency 5/9, Reliance 20/1.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 8/4, Brit. Engineering 13/6, Burn and Co. ordy. 262, Indian Iron 29, Kumardhubi Eng. 7/15, Saran Eng. 9/8, Cr. Marshalls 7/9, Steel Corp. 20/2, Textile Machinery 7/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Consolidated Tin As. 12, Indian Copper 2/4, Sone Valley Cement 6/3, Calcutta Electric 14/13, Angelo Bros 23/8, Bharat Airways 2/12 odd lot, B.I.C. 8/11, Indian Alluminium 120/8, Jardine Henderson 141, Martin Burn 17, National Insulated Cable 10/6, Rohtas Industry 5/2, British Burma Petrol 1/5, Shree Gopal Paper 10/14, Titaghur Paper 34, India General Navgn. 81.

SUGARS: Balrampore 5/6, Carew and Co. 7/12, New Sagan 7 small lot.

TEAS: Teloijan 8/4.

MADRAS SHARE BAZAR

MADRAS, April 12.

Following are todays quotations on the Madras Stock Exchange:—

SECURITIES: Three per cent paper 97/1, Three per cent Government of India 1986 97/1, Ditto 1953/55 101/11, Ditto 1966/68 100/2, Three per cent Gooovernment of Madras 1960 100/4.

BANKS: Travancore 14/.

SUARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 17/4, Mysore 45/8. Travancore 5/6.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/1, Cochin Malabar 4/10, Devashola 14/12, Midland 4/9, Ouchterlony 6/6, Pullangode 1/4, Thirumbaidi 1/14/6 T R and T Co 5/4.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 137, Buckingham pref. 188/, Cambodia 11/8, Coimbatore cm. 126/8, Coimbatore Spinning 52/8, Janardhanas 82/, Lakshmi 72/, Madura 36/8 Mettur 328/, Mysore Silk Filature 3/15, Pankaja 92/, Radhakrishna 193/, Rajalakshmi 73/8, Ranga Vilas 55/12, Trav. Rayons 3/13, Ditto pref. 6/9/6, Trichnopoly 11/, Vasanta 106.

MISCELLANEOUS Andhra Cement 70, F A C T 5/2, India Cement 17/12, Mettur Chem. 5/8, Mysore Chem. Fert 7/10, Mysore Paper 10/6.

COTTON PRESSED IN INDIA
(RUNNING BALES)

	1st Sept. to 24th 1949-50	March 1948-49
Madras	58362	31816
Bombay	201037	189628
States merged with Bombay	14403	....
West Bengal	190	1300
United Provinces	366	....
East Punjab	138934	42371
Central Provinces	68822	70849
Berar	210233	261153
Ajmer-Merwara	23586	18830
Assam	4359	5027
Kutch	374	595
Patiala and East Punjab States Union	124263	38494
United State of Saurashtra	21036	5637
Unated State of Rajasthan	49992	26316
Bhopal	866	....
Hyderabad State	136746	171668
Mysore State	5603	8285
Total	1059172	863969

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, April 12.

Tata Ordinary 322, Tata Deferred 1632-8, Indian Iron 28-12, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20-2, Bombay Dyeing 1002-8, Central India 234-6, Gokak 242-8, Kohinoor 312-8, Simplex 193, Swadeshi 268-12, Tata Power 1547-8, Associated Cement 153-12, Belapur 224-6, Bombay Burma (Old) 457-8, Scindia 13, Central Bank 80-4, New India 58-8, Tata 2nd Pref. 140-1/-0.

TRADE AND COMMISSION HOUSES BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON

Buyers Extend Support In Wall Street At Close

NEW YORK, April 11.

Opening gains were extended on aggressive trade demand nearbys and commission house buying of new crops. The demand was stimulated by excellent export outlook, dust storms in some areas and possibilities of extensive weevil damage.

Scaleup liquidation and hedges tended to check upturns in oldcrops. Some hesitancy developed in old crops later in the morning reflecting the possibility of a shipping strike at midnight next Saturday along the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts which might hold up cotton exports.

The strike threat developed following the United States Masters, mates and Pilots Union breaking off the government sponsored contract talks in New York. The Union has been trying to negotiate a new agreement since last August.

Prices reacted in the afternoon under the leadership of oldcrops on increased liquidation and local selling possibly based on realisation that the threatened shipping strike might hamper cotton shipments from Gulfports together with the easier trend of some outside markets but the declines finally attracted renewed trade demand and shortcovering, the market closing steady with sales estimated at 150,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

May	32.53—02
July	32.72+05
October	30.3+17
December	30.73+13
Middling Spot	33.13—02

New York Cotton Highest July 32.75 at 10.39 hours, Lowest 32.63 at 14.22 hours.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

May	32.18—01
July	32.42+05
October	30.83+12
December	30.64+11
Middling Spot	32.25—

WALL STREET MARKET

While selected issues recorded gains a further steady stream of corrective profittaking continued to hold the main body of the market in check. At midday well divided and mostly fractional changes were apparent either-way. Oils improved on good gain last week in the United States crude oil production. At noon the averages were Industrials 212.51 d rails 56.13.

A brief but effective bout of corrective pressure appeared just before commencement of the final hours trading and prices declined rapidly from the highest levels for four years. The market lost upto two dollars before bulls tempted to emerge and steady prices. The selling was general and appeared particularly effective in leading steels, motors, chemicals, rubbers, rails, coppers, aircrafts and televisions. Buyers extended their support in final dealings and succeeded in reducing losses. The market finished with declines around one dollar and a steady tone prevailed.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, April 11.

American Telephone and Telegraph	154-7/8
Amerex Holding Co.	37
Anaconda Copper Mining	29
Chase National Bank	37
Firestone Tyre	60-3/4
General Electric	46-1/2
General Motors	79-5/8
Ingersoll Rand	68
International Nickel	26-3/8
National City Bank	46
New York Central Rail Road Co	14-1/8
Sinclair Oil Corpn.	24-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corpn	17-1/8
Texas Corpn.	65-5/8
Union Carbide	46-7/8
U. S. Smelting and Refining	34-1/4
U. S. Steel Common	31-7/8
Western Union	22-5/8

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 2,010,000 shares.

The Highest and Lowest U S. Steel trading prices were 32-1/8 and 31-3/8 respectively.

CONTINENTAL BOURSES

PARIS, April 11.

Trading was very quiet and at a minimum in several directions when business was resumed today. In forward dealings most industrials tended lower while banks were generally steady on basis of previous closing prices. There were scattered gains among industrials in cash dealings. Foreign issues showed a predominance of gains among Dutch, Danish and Belgians but Swedish issues suffered profittaking at times. Rentes were inclined to be heavy.

BRUSSELS, April 11.

The Bourse re-opened in a quiet atmosphere. There was slight irregularity in forward trading but cash dealings left most sections displaying steadiness. Rubber shares lost a little ground.

AMSTERDAM, April 11.

Bear covering gradually induced firmer tendencies but the public were still keeping aloof. Shippings were irregular although the Nederland Line was firm on expectations of a 9 per cent dividend. Plantations were quietly steadier

LONDON PEPPER QUIET

LONDON, April 11.

The pepper market was quiet with prices irregular. No interest was shown in white while firsthand offers of Indian black were dearer Black lampong April May was nominal at 10sh 4 1/2d and white muntok at 15sh 6d shipping weight with white sarawak April May at 16sh deliveries weight per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar afloat was offered at 1,125 shillings per cwt and April May was quoted at 1,135 shillings c.i.f. U.K

NEW YORK PEPPER STEADY

NEW YORK, April 11.

The pepper market was steady with spots offered at 1.40 dollars a pound. Grinders and dealers were still cautious. Following are today's closing prices: Spot Black Pepper 1.40 dollars asked, April May and June deliveries 1.30 nominal. July 1.35 bid. Sales nil. White Spot Pepper 2.45 dollars.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, April 11.

The pepper market was quiet with sellers ex-godown prices unchanged, black lampong at 560 and white muntok 855 dollars per picul.

N. Y SILVER SALES

NEW YORK, April 11.

The price of silver remained unchanged at 72 cents per ounce with the market indicating an apparent attempt to stabilise at this price level Although no cheaper offerings by non-regular sellers are currently reported available, buyers nevertheless are moving cautiously with today's turnover approximating 125,000 ounces in the open market Sellers meanwhile appear to be reasonably satisfied with the current demand but naturally hope that buyers will gradually regain more confidence.

LONDON STOCKS

LONDON, April 11

	£
2-1/2 p.c. British Consols	69
3-1/2 p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	92-9/16
4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960/90	105-1/2
3-1/2 p.c. War Loan on or after Dec. 1st 1952	92-5/16
Chartered Bank of India	9-7/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	80-3/4
National Bank of India	32-1/8

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 5,569.

LONDON COPRA AND COCONUT OIL

LONDON, April 11.

The copra market was quiet. Straits/Dutch East Indies fair merchantable April May was quoted at £83 per ton c.i.f. with Philippines nominal at 217 1/2 dollars f.o.b. The coconut oil market was quiet. Straits April May shipment in drums was quoted at £130 1/2 and in bulk £126 per ton c.i.f. while Ceylon was unquoted.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, April 11.

London Silver both Spot and Forward 63 d. London Gold Bars Fine per oz £12/8/-.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, April 11.

GRAINS: were firm and active early with many deliveries establishing news seasonal highs on general buying sparkled by yesterday's government report indicating much lower prospective winter wheat crop than has been anticipated. The continued dry weather in the South-west, reports of further dust storms as well as the spreading of green bug infestation were additional buying incentives. The upturn, however, later attracted increased profittaking and hedging and prices backed away from the day's best levels.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, April 11.

May	2.26-5/8
July	2.08-3/4
September	2.09-3/4
December	2.11-7/8

STERLING AND RUPEE DEVALUATION

Pakistan Meets With New Loans

The devaluation of Sterling pound and Indian Rupee by 30 per cent the Pakistan Government sanctioned the issue of Rs. 54.29 crores worth Pakistan Government Securities. This move was necessary to counterbalance the depreciation in holding Sterling and Indian Securities and Indian rupee coins.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE IN SUBDUED MOOD

Threat Of Industrial Unrest

LONDON, April 11.

London Stock Exchange was in subdued mood today when it resumed after Easter Holidays. Accumulation of week-end orders contained sufficient support to create firmness in most sections, but this was seldom seriously tested. Business generally was held in check by the approach of Budget Day—April 18th—and threat of industrial unrest following shipbuilding and engineering unions decision to ballot members on "strike action or arbitration" following rejection of wage claims.

Movements in British Government stocks were small but to higher levels and there were scattered gains of few pence in leading industrials. Rubber shares followed the trend of commodity price and closed with minor improvements. Oils, however were uncertain and occasionally lower.

Greek loans were dull in foreign bonds section and there were fractional declines in some of Brazilian railways.

Many gains were shown in dollar stocks. Marking up was in sympathy with recent uptrend on Wall Street. Local and Johannesburg support produced firmness in kaffir dividend payers. Developers were steady at previous closing levels.

PAYMENT OF MARGINS IN BULLION ASSN.

BOMBAY, Wednesday, (UPI): The Bombay Bullion Board has directed its members not to pay margin to the Clearing House till further notice, consequent the injuction order served on the Board in this connection by the High Court on an application filed by a merchant-member.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, April 12

120 Ready Japan	.....	6 10	)
150 Ready Japan	.....	5 4	0
120 Ready Italy	.....	5 7	0
150 Ready Italy	.....	4 13	0
150 D. Box April	.....	961 0	0
150 D. Box May	.....	939 0	0

SUGAR STOCK AND DESPATCHES

Figures For First Half Of March

NEW DELHI, April 12, (PTI).

The opening stock, production, despatches and the closing stock of sugar in respect of central sugar factories in the Indian Republic during the fortnight ending March 15, 1950, were 13,880,000 mds. 2,750,000 mds. 1,419,000 mds. and 15,211,000 mds respectively, says the Director, Indian Institute of Sugar Technology, Kanpur.

The figures were calculated on the basis of returns received under sugar production rules, 1935.

The figures for the corresponding fortnight of the previous season were 12,858,000 mds, 3,296,000 mds, 2,008,000 mds. and 14,146,000 mds. respectively.

Figures for the current fortnight relate to 13 factories representing 97.65 per cent. of the total cane crusring capacity while the figures of the previous year relate to 125 factories representing 94.5 per cent of the total cane crusning capacity.

The total figures for the production and despatches of sugar since November 1, 1949, are stated to be 22,492,000 mds. and 8,259,000 mds. respectively as against the corresponding figure of 19,768,000 mds. and 11,700,000 mds. during the previous season.

Production of sugar for the season 1949-50 prior to November 1949, amounted to 91,000 maunds.

INCREASE OF RS. 23 CRORES IN NOTES IN CIRCULATION

Weekly Statement Of Reserve Bank

Against the increase of Rs. 23 crores in notes in circulation, the notes held in Banking Department are down by Rs. 9 crores, while rupee coins show increase of Rs. 4 and holding of Government of India's Securities are up by Rs. 10 crores.

The following is an account of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 7th day of April:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	9,09,09,000
Notes in circulation	11,86,77,87,000
Total Notes issued	11,95,86,96,000
Total Liabilities	11,95,86,96,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Gold Coin and Bullion:	
Held in India	40,01,71,000
Foreign Securities	5,50,34,38,000
Rupee Coin	55,23,69,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	4,50,27,18,000
Total Assets	11,95,86,96,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 57.729 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government—	
(1) Central Government	124,85,77,000
(2) Other Governments	31,99,90,000
(b) Banks	51,72,54,000
(c) Others	63,65,00,000
Bills Payable	5,71,89,000
Other Liabilities	15,31,81,000
Rupees	303,26,91,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	9,09,09,000
Rupee Coin	7,76,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,38,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
Internal	88,00,000
Government Treasury Bills	2,20,62,000
Balances held abroad	204

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1665

ENSURE PAKISTAN'S RECIPROCITY

Evacuee Property Law Criticised

NEW DELHI, April 12 (PTI).

THE PARLIAMENT today resumed further consideration of the Administration of Evacuee Property Bill. It had passed eight out of 55 clauses when it adjourned till day after tomorrow. The Minister of State for Rehabilitation, Mr. Mohanlal Saksena, said he had been assured by the Pakistan Government that they would bring their evacuee property law on par with the Indian Law.

When Parliament resumed consideration of the Administration of Evacuee Property Bill today, Mr. Hossain Imam moved for the postponement of consideration.

Mr. Imam said that under the Indo-Pakistan Agreement, recently concluded, a provision had been made that the Inter-Dominion Agreement of 1948 should continue. He wanted the provisions of this Bill to be compared with that Agreement and if there was any discrepancy it should be removed. Further, it should not be said that India was first to break the Agreement so solemnly entered into.

Mr. Mohanlal Saksena rejecting Mr. Imam's suggestion maintained that the provisions of the Bill did not contravene the Inter-Dominion Agreement. The Bill only sought to replace the Ordinance now in force and there was, therefore, no question of doing something afresh.

There was also an evacuee property act in force in Pakistan.

Mr. Hossain Imam did not press the motion.

KUNZRU'S CRITICISM

Pandit Kunzru supporting the Bill asked the Minister to let the House know how the ordinance had worked in the last six months and to what extent it had proved inadequate to secure the purpose which the Government had in view. He wanted to know what the intention of the Government was in permitting remittances by intending evacuees to Pakistan for the maintenance of members of their family when no such facility was afforded in Pakistan.

The definition of dependents in the Bill should not, therefore, be so wide as to permit intending evacuees to misuse this facility. There were many people in this country who had remained here only because of considerations of self-maintenance. They could not be regarded as having shed their old ideology and reconciled themselves to the new state of things. The Government of India had to take facts into consideration and shape their conduct accordingly. They should not allow their laws to be used by such persons in such a manner as to violate the spirit underlying the laws.

IN PAKISTAN

Non-Muslim residents in Pakistan were being arbitrarily declared to be evacuees from time to time and although they had made representations times out of number, the authorities there did not pay heed to them.

Expressing surprise at the suggestion of Mr. Hossain Imam, Pandit Kunzru said: "Notwithstanding the agreement between the two Prime Ministers, the Pakistan Government has not cancelled the ordinance passed in October 1949.

Let us hope that the spirit of the recent agreement will so permeate the Pakistan Government as to lead them to enter into a just and honourable settlement of the question of evacuee property with the Government of India.

"A further and more vigorous action is required to persuade the Pakistan Government to deal with this question in a fairer manner. I hope Mr. Mohanlal Saksena will be able to assure us that the Government of India intend to ask Pakistan at an early date to consider the question of satisfactory implementation of the Inter-Dominion Agreement and safeguarding of the interests of evacuees."

NO IMITATION

Chaudhri Hyder Husein (Uttar Pradesh) said that the question of evacuee property should not be confused with that of the refugee problem. It would not be in keeping with their ideals and traditions if they imitated Pakistan in enacting legislation on evacuee property. The enactments on evacuee property should not work in such a way as to "water-logg" property which would be against the interests of national economy.

He wanted to know what would be the position under the proposed Bill of the 35,000 Muslims from Uttar Pradesh and Delhi who had crossed over to Pakistan recently as a result of circumstances beyond their control and the five thousand who had decided not to go to Pakistan after leaving their homes and whether they would be classed as evacuees.

Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani (Uttar Pradesh) said before passing the bill the Government should make sure that Pakistan would reciprocate with a similar "liberal measure." "The element of reciprocity in laws affecting more than one nation cannot be lost sight of."

She traced the history of the Indo-Pakistan dispute about the evacuee property and said that the efforts of the Pakistan Government as evident from the various ordinances issued from time to time were directed towards "driving away non-Muslims from Pakistan and utilising their property to rehabilitate refugees from India."

The Government of India had failed so far to settle the question of the evacuee property on governmental level or to persuade the Pakistan Government to facilitate "individual transactions."

Mrs. Kripalani urged that the Government should keep in view the interests of refugees from Pakistan when they passed laws to protect the interests of evacuees or intending evacuees from India.

SEARCH FOR A NAME

NEW DELHI, April 12 (P.T.I.).

THE Railway Ministry is in search of of a name for the men who load and unload luggage at railway stations.

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh, Member from Madhyapradesh, asked in Parliament today whether porters would be called "Mazdoors" in future.

Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State for Railways, said, "some of them are objecting to the words 'coolies' and 'porters' and we are trying to find out a more suitable name".

PAKISTAN EVACUEE PROPERTY LAW

Assurance To India

Replying to the debate, Mr. Mohanlal Saksena, Minister of State for Rehabilitation, said that the Pakistan Minister dealing with evacuee property had written to him fifteen or twenty days ago that Pakistan would bring its evacuee property law on par with the Indian law. The Minister had also made a statement to that effect in the Pakistan Constituent Assembly a week ago. In view of that, he would request members to be more careful in amending the Bill. They must not give any excuse to Pakistan to do anything to the detriment of the interests of the evacuees who had come over to India.

He said he fully realised the strong feelings of the displaced persons, but in view of the agreement reached between the Indian and Pakistan Prime Ministers on Bengal, he did not want to say anything which was against the spirit of that agreement.

STRONG CASE

Mr. Saksena added: "We will leave no stone unturned in reaching a settlement. Ours is a very strong case and whether we come to a mutual agreement or we have to go to a third party, our stand is bound to be vindicated."

Mr. Saksena said that he would accept certain agreed amendments to the Bill. These amendments had been thoroughly discussed among the various sections of the House.

Mr. Saksena said it was India's considered view that the titles and rights of the evacuees should not be extinguished either in India or in Pakistan. In any case, so long as the Government of India made no remittances from the proceeds of the evacuee property in India and they were utilised for the benefit of the displaced persons who had come over, the critics could have no objection.

The House then took up detailed consideration of the Bill. Though as many as 271 amendments have been tabled to the various clauses, including 112 amendments to clause two, the Minister said that as a result of discussions with members, only a few of them were being moved.

After a small debate the House rejected an amendment moved by Sardar Hukam Singh which brought under the definition of an evacuee any person who after August 14, 1947 had taken up service with the Government of Pakistan.

Opposing the amendment, Mr. Mohanlal Saksena said that a law enacted for the purpose of covering individual cases would be a bad law. The clause would not only affect the persons mentioned by Sardar Hukam Singh but thousands of persons who had been in Pakistan Government service and who had now migrated to India.

Thirteen amendments were moved to clause two out of which three were rejected and the rest passed. Among the latter was one in the name of the Rehabilitation Minister which enlarged the definition of an "intending evacuee" to include "any person against whom an intention to settle in Pakistan is established from his conduct or from documentary evidence." The clause as amended was passed without much discussions.

The House next passed clauses three to eight after accepting minor amendments and adjourned till day after to morrow.

ELECTIONS

The Law Minister, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, introduced a bill which provides machinery for conducting the forthcoming elections to the House of the People and the legislatures of the States.

The Bill, which is the first proposed legislation of its kind under the new constitution, seeks to provide for allocation of seats in the House of the People and the State legislatures, delimitation of constituencies, qualification of voters and preparation of electoral rolls.

The Finance Minister Dr. John Matthai will move a bill shortly for a supplementary demand amounting to Rs. 255 lakhs in regard to Vindhya Pradesh.

Vindhya Pradesh was constituted a Chief Commissioner's area in January last and estimates of revenue and expenditure for the area could not be obtained in time for inclusion in the Central budget.

There will be another supplementary demand for Rs. 183 lakhs as loan to Burma. It will include Rs. 133 lakhs as share of the Commonwealth loan and Rs. 50 lakhs as an advance for the purchase of Burma rice. India's share of the Commonwealth loan to Burma was included in the supplementary estimates for 1949-50 but the provision lapsed as the loan was not drawn before the close of the financial year.

CALCUTTA EXCHANGE

The Deputy Minister told in reply to another question that of the 6,052 lines of the Calcutta Exchange destroyed by fire, 4,800 had been restored up to date. The result of the departmental enquiry into the causes of the fire had been inconclusive, but sabotage was not ruled out.

The Agriculture Minister told Mr. Satis Chandra Samanta that the question of holding a comprehensive census of agricultural resources and conditions in 1950/51 was under consideration.

Replying to a supplementary on grading of rice the same Minister said that there were about 8,000 different varieties of rice in the world. Of these 4,000 were in existence in India.

The Works Minister, Mr. N. V. Gadgil said that in 1949 the Government of India published 1,362 publications of which 1,154 were saleable to the public.

The Food Minister told Mr. H. V. Kamath that it was "quite possible" that rice was being sold in the open market, right under the nose of the police, in Paharganj in Delhi. He added that some prosecutions were also launched in respect of these offences and convictions obtained.

RETRENCHMENT

The Deputy Minister for Communications told Mr. Harihar Nath Shastri that 852 persons had been retrenched from the Posts and Telegraphs Department between February 1, 1949 and January 31, 1950. Mr. Sidhwa wanted to know whether the retrenchment had been done taking seniority into consideration.

Disallowing the question, the Speaker, Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, said that such questions were frequently being asked. The administration must be trusted to take into consideration these details while effecting retrenchment. If the member did not have that amount of trust "there are other courses open to him".

The Railways Minister said that the proposal to extend the Rangiya-Balipara line on the Assam Railway to North Lakhimpur had been held over for consideration when conditions improved.

FOREIGN EXPERTS

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Works, Mines and Power Minister told Mr. M. S. Kannamwar that Mr. John Van Dorr, deputed by the American Geological Survey, was carrying out preliminary survey of some of the promising mineral deposits in Orissa. He was making a reconnaissance tour of Orissa to ascertain what detailed exploration should be undertaken by the Americans during the Point Four Programme of President Truman, the Minister said in reply to supplementaries.

Mr. H. V. Kamath: Is the requisitioning of the services of these foreign experts an an innovation in free India or is it a hangover of the British regime? (laughter).

The question was disallowed.

VANASPATI BAN

The Food Minister told Pandit Thakurdas Bhargava that the Government had received 6,66,352 letters and 1,961 telegrams in respect of ban of vanaspati during the last twelve months.

Mr. B. L. Sondhi: "Kidwai Sahab ko maja hai". (It gives pleasure to Mr. Kidwai).

Mr. L. K. Bharati: How many of these were for and how many against ban on vanaspati?

The Food Minister: About 1,01,100 letters and 60 telegrams were for ban on production. The rest were against.

Mr. Shyamanandan Sahaya: How many of these telegrams and letters orgniated from the same source?

The Food Minister: A good many.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa: Is it a fact that the texts of these telegrame were more or less the same?

The Speaker: He may see them.

CANAL DISPUTE

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, told Mr. D. Sanjivayya that further negotiations between India and Pakistan over the canal water dispute would be held in the latter half of May in Delhi. The preliminary discussions in Karachi had been held "in an atmosphere of goodwill and cordiality".

Replying to supplementaries he said that in respect of the water supplied to Pakistan from the Madhavpur and Ferozepur headworks, certain amounts were regularly being paid by Pakistan partly under protest and partly without dispute. The question of the supply of water to Pakistan when cultivators in the area near the canals in the Indian side were themselves suffering from lack of water was the question under dispute and negotiations between the two governments.

HYDERABAD FOOD

The Food Minister told Mr. D. Sanjivayya that there was food scarcity in Hyderabad State. Government had already given the State some foodgrains and further arrangements were under consideration.

Mr. H. V. Kamath: In the Minister's view is there any direct relation between Communist activity in the State and food scarcity?

The Speaker disallowed the question.

M.P.s To Confer On Hindu Code Bill

NEW DELHI, April 12 (P.T.I.): An informal conference of some members of Parliament, including those who served on the Select Committee of the Hindu Code Bill and other persons will be held here on April 20 under the presidency of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Minister for Law, Government of India.

The conference which is being summoned in pursuance of the Prime Minister's statement in the last session of Parliament that Government would consult representative public opinion informally before further consideration of the Hindu Code Bill, will discuss and ascertain the views of the members on certain specific issues before Government takes a final decision on those matters.

'LET US BE UP AND DOING'

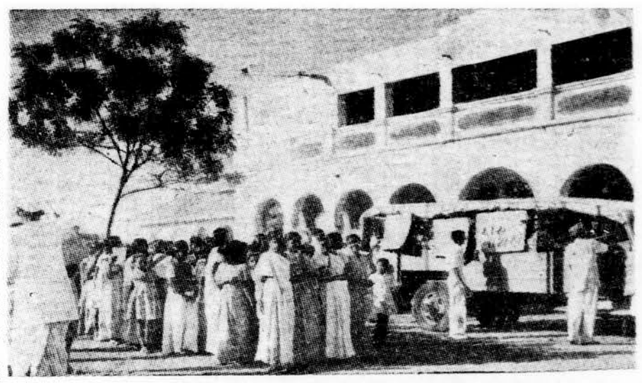
NEW DELHI, April 12 (P.T.I.).

THE Deputy Speaker, Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, today called for "greater sound" in Parliament during voting.

He referred to the lone "ayes" and "noes" which greeted some of the 271 amendments to the administration of the Evacuee Property Bill.

One of the movers stood up a bit late. Mr. Ayyangar advised him and "others of a similar temperament" to be "up and doing".

SAURASHTRA PROHIBITION WEEK



The Prohibition publicity campaign week was inaugurated on April 6 when complete Prohibition was introduced in the State of Saurashtra. The mass prayers and the mass processions were the order of the day. The photo shows the starting point of the morning procession at Rashtriyashala.

Prohibition Harbinger Of True Happiness

KHER'S PLEA FOR FULL CO-OPERATION

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"LET US try to reconstruct society in Free India on sound healthy moral principles. We have already taken the first step", said Bombay's Chief Minister Shri B. G. Kher in a speech which was read by Shri L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise, on behalf of the Chief Minister on the occasion of Prohibition Week Termination meeting held at Jamboree Maidan in the evening of Wednesday.

The Chief Minister being indisposed could not attend the meeting.

Shri Kher said:

"Today I feel very happy on account of the fulfilment of one of the most cherished desires of the Father of the Nation.

PROSPERITY

"I am sure Prohibition will prove to be the harbinger of true happiness to all sections of our society. The worker and peasant families in particular will find that Prohibition has added to their comforts by way of raising their standard of living both material and moral. From the money saved over drinks they will be able to buy more food, have more clothes and live under a better roof with their families. Mahatma Gandhi has rightly said that only those women who have drunkards as their husbands know what havoc the drink evil works in homes that once were orderly and peace-giving. Prohibition will definitely restore peace where it is lacking and will end the ugly scenes of street-brawls.

CO-OPERATION

"Now that Prohibition has become a 'fait accompli', I pray that everybody should try to make it a great success. All responsible persons in society should try to realise and impress upon the public mind the genuine benefits of Prohibition. The Government had done its duty by giving the people what they wanted. Now it is their part to see that the benefits of this valuable and healthy reform are fully secured to the common man.

"The largely attended Prohibition Week Programme and particularly the mammoth meeting at Chowpatty to inaugurate Total Prohibition have demonstrated that Government's policy has been appreciated by the people of Bombay. Reports from every nook and corner of our State also show that people have pledged themselves to make Prohibition a complete success."

Appealing for full co-operation the Chief Minister said: "People can help Government's Prohibition policy in various ways, firstly by abstaining from drinking themselves, secondly by persuading their drinking friends and relatives to give up the evil habit, thirdly by reporting to the police the names of those who sell, distil or drink illicit liquor. The Government have set up many Sanskar Kendras and Recreation and Welfare Centres. We can all take active interest in the games, Bhajans, Kirtans, Kalapathak programmes and other healthy pastimes which are organised there. We can also try to see that the money that is saved by abstinence, is used properly in giving good food and education to our children and in laying by some savings for the rainy day or for the period of sickness or unemployment.

FIRST STEP

"The President of the Indian National Congress, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, has described the benefits of Prohibition to the working class and its importance in national reconstruction. He has said that labourers work better and more and earn more and live happily if they do not drink. Let us try to reconstruct society in Free India on sound healthy moral principles. We have already taken the first step."

Concluding Shri Kher said: "You will see that all our great leaders have great faith in Prohibition as a means to better our living conditions. Our poor people who have been given to drinking have been wasting nearly four annas out of every Rupee they earn on drinks This, they must now save. We are so poor that we cannot waste our money on drinks and it does not do us any good. All our religions and religious leaders have also taught us to regard drink as evil. Since we care for our moral, social and spiritual well-being and for social purity, we must fully implement Government's policy of Prohibition."

PUBLIC MEETING ON PROHIBITION

Morarji To Address

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Under the auspices of the Prohibition Week Celebration Committee, Bombay, an extra special public meeting will be held on Khalsa College ground, Matunga, when the Hon'ble Shri Morarji Desai, Home Minister will address a gathering of Sikhs at 10 a.m. on Thursday, 13th April, 1950.

The gathering will also be addressed by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, the Congress President.

Kaira Prohibition Committee

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Shri F. B. Dabhi, M.L.A., has been appointed as Vice-Chairman of the Kaira District Prohibition Committee while the name of Shri Rayishankar Maharaj has been deleted from the same Committee.

The Government has appointed the President, Bhil Seva Mandal, Nandurbar and Shri I. G. Natwalkar, M.L.A., Nandurbar, as additional members on the West Khandesh District Prohibition Committee.

The Forbidden Drink

KOLHAPUR, April 12. (PTI). Four persons were arrested here for drinking an alcoholic mixture. Bottles of tincture Carmetiyaya have been seized from the arrested persons by the police.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

I was shocked to read that the Governor of Bombay had actually encouraged women to use the stick on their husbands. What is the world coming to, I ask you?

And it is more than a domestic affair. What it amounts to is the constitutional head of this State lending his support to goondas to assault law-abiding citizens. For Raja Maharaj Singh was commending this attack on addicts.

Although I know that in venturing on this subject I am encroaching on the liberties and privileges of the anti-Prohibition press, I must register my emphatic protest.

Under the Prohibition Act, the addict—I presume the Governor's use of the term is confined to those who are "certified" so by the Medical Board and not to the rejectees—is the licensed drinker. More, he has to get his supply from a Government-approved warehouse.

In the circumstances, I do not see how anyone can be justified in lathicharging them, even if, as so often claimed by officialdom in the days of the British Raj, the lathi is no more than a light cane.

It is said that His Excellency was speaking in lighter vein. But evidently many of the speakers who followed him, were in a more serious mood and they improved on his advice.

In fact, the mischief has been so thoroughly done that it will call for strong action to undo it. In the old days, when parents searched in infuriated rage for the cane, it was the elder children who helped the delinquent by putting it out of reach. Now, if the caning is to be directed against the head of the house, who will protect him?

I think that it definitely calls for a general ban on sticks of all shapes and conditions, bamboo curtains, bedposts and the like.

Considering the handicaps from which the mere male suffers these days, this encouragement to the "weaker sex" is a positive menace to peace. The Civil Liberties Union ought to move in the matter.

The Governor's advice is ultra vires of the Constitution as anyone can see.

Having said this, I must in fairness compliment Raja Maharaj Singh on his intense realism and freedom from sticky sentimentalism. A lesser man would have asked women to plead with their addict men-folk. His Excellency will not pander to this kind of folly.

A famous Indian leader at whose frown thousands blanched, was once asked whether he loved his wife. The great man bent forward confidentially, "Love her? My dear Sir, I fear her." That about sums up the position in these degenerate days.

CERTIFICATES TO LIQUOR ADDICTS

Special Arrangements

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Special Arrangements at St. George's Hospital a post of an additional Presidency Surgeon to be designated as 4th Presidency Surgeon has been created by the Government of Bombay to examine and issue certificates to liquor addicts. Dr. S. S. Kanekar has been appointed, for the present, to this post and he will work at the St. George's Hospital, Bombay and will relieve the Superintendent of this Hospital of these duties.

PEOPLE'S HELP IN PROHIBITION

Dr. Pattabhi's Appeal

BOMBAY, Wednesday: "There are three factors which control life: Law, public opinion and individual conscience. Law is the least of those being more physical force. Public opinion is the real sanction that controls society. It is the greatest common measure of individual consciousness. A few men of high morals and convictions set the tone and the pace. The rest follow. And a moral reform like prohibition requires the conscious and active co-operation of every citizen who stands to profit by it.

Thus said Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Indian Nation Congress, addressing the last of the prohibition meetings, which marked the termination of the Prohibition Week in Bombay today.

Dr. Pattabhi Ill

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya who is now in Bombay on a short visit, has cancelled all his engagements as he is suffering from blood pressure. He has been medically advised to take complete rest.

The BPCC, announced that the Congress President will attend the flag salutation ceremony scheduled to be held at the Chowpatty at 8 a.m. tomorrow (April 13).

Asbestos Roofing Sheets

BOMBAY, Wednesday (UPI).—The Bombay Government, in the Labour and Housing Department have, under Section 4 of the Bombay Essential Commodities and Cattle (Control) Act, 1946, ordered the Canteen Stores Department (1) Bombay 1, not to sell until further orders, the stocks of asbestos cement roofing sheets and ridges, at present held by the Canteen Stores Department (1), Bombay 1, in Bombay City and Bombay suburban district.

MUTT AND JEFF—The Ink Was For The Usual Inkwell As Usual

By BUD FISHER

MUTT, I'M SELLING FOUNTAIN PENS! GUARANTEED TO WRITE TEN YEARS WITHOUT REFILLING!
IT WRITES TEN YEARS WITHOUT REFILLING?
THAT'S RIGHT! AND YOUR MONEY BACK IF IT DON'T!
HOW MUCH IS IT?
ONLY TWO BUCKS!
THAT'S CHEAP! I'LL BUY ONE!
-AND FIVE BUCKS FOR THE GALLON OF INK YOU CARRY AROUND WITH IT!
?
Fisher

Printed and Published for the BombayChronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.